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COMMENT OF THE DAY

A Precarious Government

JUST as much as the June 17 riots and strikes, the surging response of East Germans to the free food parcels offer of the West Berlin and American Authorities has manifested their contempt for the satellite government in the Soviet zone. Threats and physical intimidation have only partially succeeded in stopping the hungry and disgruntled Germans from showing the depth of their hostility to the Communist regime. The great trek to West Berlin has also pointed up what Marxists would call the "fundamental contradictions of a system." Once again the East German Authorities have been forced into meeting discontent with repression, yet once again they hesitate to make their repressive measures too harsh for fear of arousing ever more bitter discontent. When President Eisenhower offered \$15 million worth of foodstuffs to relieve the shortages (especially of fats and milk) in the Soviet zone, nobody could have foreseen the results. The East German and Soviet governments immediately rejected the offer as unnecessary and even "insulting." That seemed to be the end of the matter. For though the United States at once decided the food should nevertheless be sent to Western Germany and placed at the disposal of the West German Government, it could not be sent to East Germans if their Government would not admit it. The sequel, however, startled the world, for East Germans crossed the zone border in their hundreds of thousands to obtain something which, all too clearly, they desperately needed.

ONE of the strangest features of the affair was the slow reaction of the East German Authorities to this pro-Western display by people who were supposed to be wholly subjugated. They gave the appearance of being quite helpless in the face of a popular movement and it was not until the Russians, using their own troops, stepped in and applied repressive measures that the East Germans showed any hesitation in disobeying injunctions against accepting the American food parcels. And it is here that the Communists' dilemma becomes apparent. The East German Government and Soviet Authorities are afraid to allow the hungry march to continue. It is, for one thing, a dismaying revelation to all the outer world of the realities of life for the workers under Communist rule. On the other hand, it would be clearly dangerous for their rulers if East Germans were allowed to snap their fingers at the Government with impunity. If this happened, what might they do next? Yet the dilemma is heightened by the possibility that excessive repressive measures would arouse more bitter and more angry discontent. They might well provoke resistance. And because the habit of resistance might grow, the Communists have again, as they did after the June 17 riots, swung between concession and repression, uncertainly beginning to realize that both are dangerous. It is manifest that the people of the Soviet zone are learning both to hate and to despise their Communist masters, and were it not for Soviet tanks in the background, the East German Communist regime would founder in a few hours in a wave of popular fury.

French Railwaymen Ordered To Strike
COMMUNIST UNION TAKES ACTION

Whirlwind At Southend Causes Panic

Southend, Aug. 10. A freak one-minute whirlwind threw terror among peaceful sun loungers crowding the beach at Westcliff, near here, today. Screaming people were suddenly thrown onto their faces, blown about like leaves, dumped into the sea. Chairs and clothing were scattered in all directions. One woman was picked up with her deckchair and carried right out into deep water where she was rescued badly injured. A second woman broke an ankle. Eye-witnesses said there was not a cloud in the sky when the whirlwind suddenly struck the water with a loud bang sending a spinning thread of water 50 feet up into the air. After the moment of chaos it subsided and disappeared.—Reuter.

LATEST McCARTHY EXPOSURE

Washington, Aug. 10. Senator Joseph McCarthy (Republican, Wisconsin) said today new evidence before his investigations sub-committee indicated that a member of the Communist Party had access to secret data of the United States Atomic Energy Commission and the Central Intelligence Agency.

Senator McCarthy made the statement to reporters after questioning four witnesses for two hours at a closed session. He declined to name the witnesses. Senator Everett Dirksen (Republican, Illinois), the only other committee member to attend the hurriedly called session, said the sub-committee had struck "the beginning of a trail" which might lead to matters involving the security of the United States.

Senator Dirksen said the inquiry "very definitely involves the national security if the facts as they were developed today." He refused to give any further hint as to the new evidence he said the witnesses gave.

But he said the investigation stemmed from a lead provided the Committee during its recent investigations of the overseas information programme.

"This was an aspect tremendously more important," Senator McCarthy said.

Senator McCarthy and Senator Dirksen refused to say exactly where the alleged Communist worked.—Reuter.

Churchill Again Takes The Initiative

London, Aug. 10. The Daily Express political correspondent says that the Prime Minister, Sir Winston Churchill, is busy again on his bid to improve relations with Russia.

The day-to-day direction of Britain's foreign policy is now more firmly in his hands. Sir Winston is much more active after his six weeks' rest and he is taking a leading part at his official country home, Chequers. In framing Britain's reply to the Soviet objections to a Big Four conference on Germany and Austria. He believes it is urgently necessary to test the willingness of the new Russian Government to make real peace moves. Sir Winston spent much of the week-end considering

Paris, Aug. 11. The Communist-led General Confederation of Labour (CGT) last night ordered all its railwaymen members to strike at once, and faced France with a renewal of the nationwide rail strike which paralysed tourist traffic last week.

The Socialist Trade Union Confederation, Force Ouvriere, which earlier yesterday asked the Catholic Workers Confederation to join it in an unlimited rail strike, had not announced last night whether it would support the Communists.

But its members at the key Burgundy section of Dijon had already quit work.

Catholic Railway Union leaders were having talks with the Minister of Transport, M. Jacques Chastellain.

The Confederation of Independent Trade Unions decided earlier not to strike, and the technicians Confederation General des Cadres issued a communique criticising the new Government economy decrees but not calling a strike.

The railwaymen, like the Post Office workers who have been on strike since Wednesday, are in revolt against Cabinet decrees cutting staffs in the civil service and state industries.

They also claim wage increases to meet the rising cost of living.

A Force Ouvriere spokesman told Reuter that the Union's national leaders had decided in favour of an unlimited nationwide strike, which they expected to be able to launch at midnight.

They were awaiting confirmation from provincial secretaries and the decision of the Catholic Workers Union, he said. Between two and three million state workers had stood by throughout the day awaiting an order from their union leaders that would either bring them out on a nationwide strike or restore peace with the Government.

The French Post Minister, M. Pierre Ferri, announced last night that he had suspended all striking long distance telephone workers who had failed to answer requisition orders. Although some employees responded to the orders in the provinces, almost all Paris workers ignored the Minister's summons.

The Ministry declined to give any figures but a source close to the Minister told Reuter that the threat of suspension had earlier brought "the great majority" of telephone operators in Paris.

STUDYING REQUEST Force Ouvriere (non-Communist) Railway representatives today called on Catholic Union workers to join them in a strike of indefinite duration aimed at forcing the withdrawal of the Government decrees and the requisition orders.

The Catholic labour leaders were considering the request. The Central Bureau of the Catholic Union issued a communique after an all-day meeting calling for the immediate recall of Parliament and the withdrawal of requisition orders sent to railwaymen and post office workers.

The Federation of Police trade unions have protested to the authorities against the use of police for the distribution of mail. The Unions claimed to represent 80 per cent of all grades and branches of the police force. The Force Ouvriere civil servants union broke off its meeting tonight without reaching a decision on whether to strike against the new decrees. They are to meet again later.—Reuter.

Srinagar's Shopkeepers Close Down

Srinagar, Kashmir, Aug. 10.

Shopkeepers here observed a partial strike today in protest against the arrest of Sheikh Abdullah, 48-year-old "Lion of Kashmir" who was dismissed from the Premiership on Saturday after five years in power.

Strike organisers toured the city persuading tradesmen not to transact business. In the old city some passing cars were stoned.

The Government Secretariat was open but while Hindu employees were allowed to enter unmolested, Moslem employees were stopped by strike pickets at the gate.

UNDER CONTROL The situation was well under control and tension was subsiding. The Palace Guest House at Udhampur, where Abdullah is detained, has been declared a subsidiary goal.

Abdullah's successor, Prime Minister Bakshi, is accused of aiming at a broad-based coalition with the connivance of "foreign powers." Bakshi argues that having thrown in his lot with India, Kashmir should accept Indian aid to prevent economic collapse. The issue came to a head in the Cabinet crisis which has resulted in Abdullah's fall.

Sheikh Abdullah is reported to have resisted arrest and called his successors "a rebel government of usurpers." Mr Vishnu Sahay, Secretary of Kashmir Affairs in the Indian States Ministry, arrived here from Delhi today to study the situation.—Reuter.

Blood Transfusion Infects Woman

Dortmund, Aug. 10.

A court here ordered the town authorities to pay 8,000 marks (£2,667 sterling) damages to a mother who got venereal disease from a blood transfusion in a city maternity hospital.

The blood donor, who was registered with the town health office, had failed to report a subsequent venereal infection. He was sentenced to four years' imprisonment for causing bodily harm, and for other offences against the law.—China Mail Special.

Britain Terminates Air Agreement With PI
EFFECTIVE IN 12 MONTHS' TIME



Professor Piccard, the famous deep sea exploration expert and scientist, gives a press conference at Castellammare, Italy, where he is making ready for deep sea explorations at Capri in his newly built bathysphere.—London Express.

\$4,000 Fines For Demanding & Receiving Key Money

Maximum fines of \$4,000 were imposed on each of the three defendants charged with demanding and receiving money as a consideration for the tenancy of domestic premises by Mr T. Creodon at Kowloon this morning.

The accused, Chan Wah, 35, watchman, Wong Kam, 29, secretary, and Wong Kai-sing, 32, clerk, were represented by Mr A. S. Rosa.

Mr D. N. E. Rea, Crown Counsel, assisted by Mr T. Pilkington of Tenancy Inquiry Bureau, prosecuted.

Mr Rea told the Court that towards the end of July Mr and Mrs Howard Laurence Phillips, saw a notice at 747 Nathan Road, about a flat to let.

On August 1, they contacted Cheng Wah, who wanted \$12,000 key money and \$450 rent for the flat. But after discussion, Cheng was willing to settle for \$10,000 key money and \$420 rent.

However, Cheng refused to disclose the name of the landlord, and informed his prospective tenants that they would not be given a receipt for rent until the key-money was paid.

Four days later, Mr and Mrs Phillips were introduced to the other two defendants in a hotel, where they arranged to meet again at 747 Nathan Road, later on the same day.

When Mr and Mrs Phillips arrived at the Nathan Road flat, they were told that money was to be paid at 242 Prince Edward Road.

The party then proceeded to Prince Edward Road, where Mr Phillips, on Wong Kam's request, paid both the key money and a month's rent, for which latter he was given a receipt.

\$500 COMMISSION Later in the same flat, Cheng received \$500 commission from the second and third defendants. All three defendants were arrested by the Police as they left the flat.

The money, Mr Rea said, was not recovered till two hours after the arrest, when Wong Kam showed the Police where they had concealed it.

Mr Rea added that in the opinion of the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation, the standard rent of the premises in question was \$110, which, with the permitted 30 per cent increase, would be \$143.

In mitigation, Mr Rea said that Cheng was merely an intermediary, who received a small commission for the introduction. Mr Rea also told the Court that the premises had been requisitioned after the war, till a few months ago.

Butler Calls Cabinet

London, Aug. 10.

A restricted Cabinet meeting was held here this afternoon, for the first time since Parliament adjourned, to discuss the recent developments in the international situation, including the Soviet reply to the Western bid for a Four Big Powers Conference and the speech of Russian Premier Georgi Malenkov last Saturday.

The meeting was held under the Chairmanship of the Acting Prime Minister, Mr Richard A. Butler, and was attended by the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr Selwyn Lloyd, who was to leave for New York later today where he will head the British delegation to the United Nations General Assembly on a Korean settlement.

High on the list of priorities for Cabinet decision was the British attitude at the General Assembly to any new Soviet demand for the admission of Communist China to the United Nations, according to informed sources.

Other items on today's agenda were reported to be: (1) British policy at the political conference on Korea; (2) Instructions to British delegates who will attend the Three-Power talks, which it is understood, will be held in Paris this week to draft a joint reply to the latest Soviet note on Germany.—France-Press.

Squeaking Doll Scares Thief

Vigo, Spain, Aug. 10.

A thief, carrying everything and fled when a talking doll squeaked "ma-ma" in a silent house in the Calle Placer here. The robber held the doll the wrong way as he picked it up to drop it with other articles into his bag.

This was the little girl who owned it and she roused the family.—China Mail Special.

London, Aug. 11. Britain announced today that it had formally terminated its present air services agreement with the Philippines.

This follows the Philippines refusal to provide special facilities for the British Comet jet airliner service with Tokyo.

Termination of the agreement will take effect twelve months from the date on which the Philippines Government received the formal British notification.

The principal effect will be that Philippine operators will, after that time, be unable to exercise traffic rights at points in United Kingdom territory and on the other side British and Colonial operators will be unable to exercise traffic rights in the Philippines.

The Ministry of Civil Aviation in its official announcement said tonight that "following inconclusive negotiations over a long period" for amending the present agreement the British Government had now notified the Philippines that it had been terminated.

It expressed the hope that before the rupture comes into effect a new agreement will have been negotiated.

Britain took "this unusual step" because the Philippine Government declined to give the United Kingdom a new route which would enable the British Overseas Airways Corporation to exercise full traffic rights at Manila on their Comet service between the United Kingdom and Tokyo.

HOLD ADVANTAGE The Ministry added in an explanatory note: "The Philippines have the balance of advantage in regional routes and the right to operate a route to London and beyond. Thus the agreement is generally very much in their favour."

"The United Kingdom Government takes the view that in accordance with the principle of reciprocity normally underlying agreements of this kind full traffic rights at Manila should be given to BOAC on their Comet service."

STOP PRESS Liberals Win Elections Ottawa, Aug. 10. Mr George Brown, Progressive Conservative leader, conceded the re-election of the Liberal Government headed by Mr Louis St. Laurent at 9:30 p.m. (0130 GMT) today, three and a half hours after the polls had closed in the big voting areas of Ontario and Quebec.

National Party standings at 10 p.m. were: Liberals, elected 129, leading 30; Progressive Conservatives, elected 32, leading 15; Co-operative Commonwealth Federation (CCF), elected 2, leading 18; Social Credit (SC), elected 0, leading 1. Others, elected 4, leading 1. Unreported 46. Total seats 265.—United Press.

FIRE NEARLY TRAPS WORKERS

South Shields, Aug. 10. Workers fled for their lives from a sudden fire today in the refrigerated hold of the Blue Star cargo liner, Tacoma Star, (7,197 tons) in dry-dock at South Shields.

The liner which is under repair was considerably damaged before firemen damped down the blaze after two hours.—Reuter.

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7.20 & 9.30
P.M.

"THE SEVEN MAIDENS"

A Chinese Picture in Mandarin Dialogue

★ NEXT CHANGE ★

"MISTER UNIVERSE"

with Jack CARSON • Janis PAIGE • Bert LAHR
Robert ALDA — Released thru United Artists

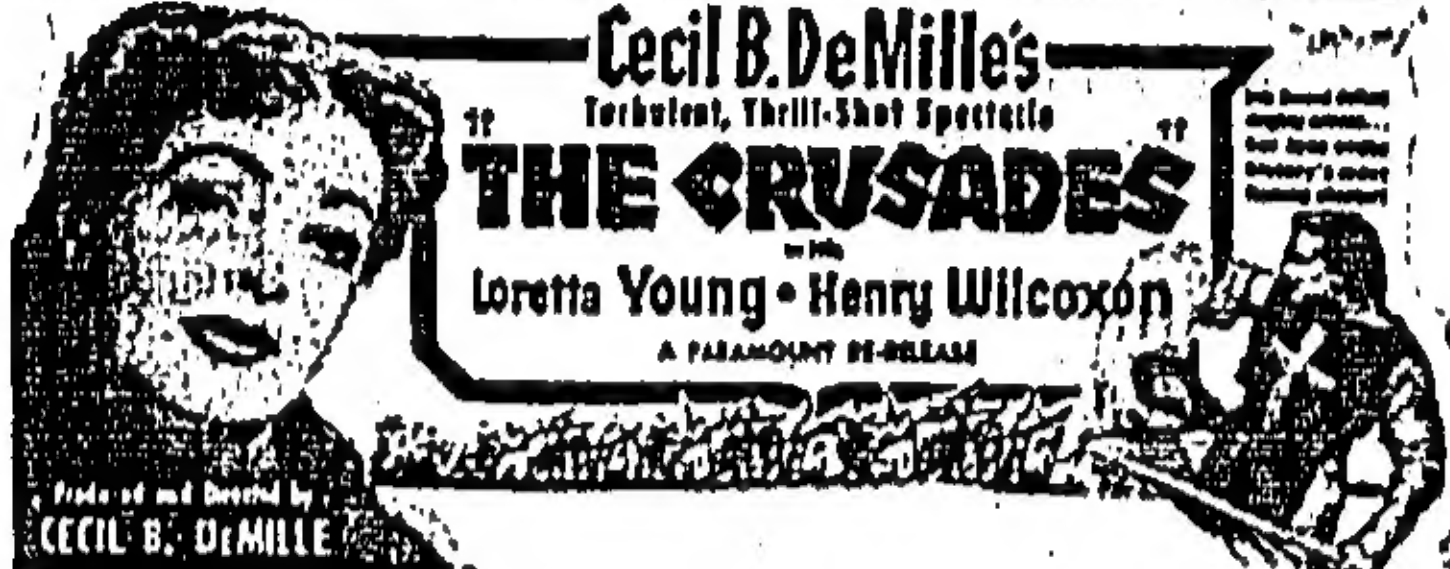
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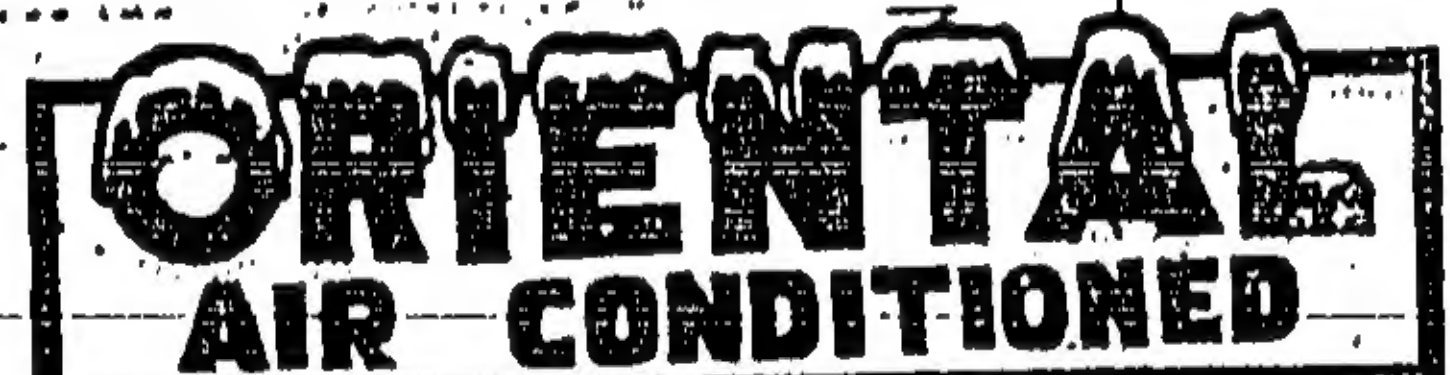
COMMENCING TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30
& 9.30 P.M.

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Richard TODD • Eva BARTON
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THE COMEDY KINGS ARE BACK AGAIN IN THEIR
LATEST HIT! A LAUGH A MINUTE!



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P.M.



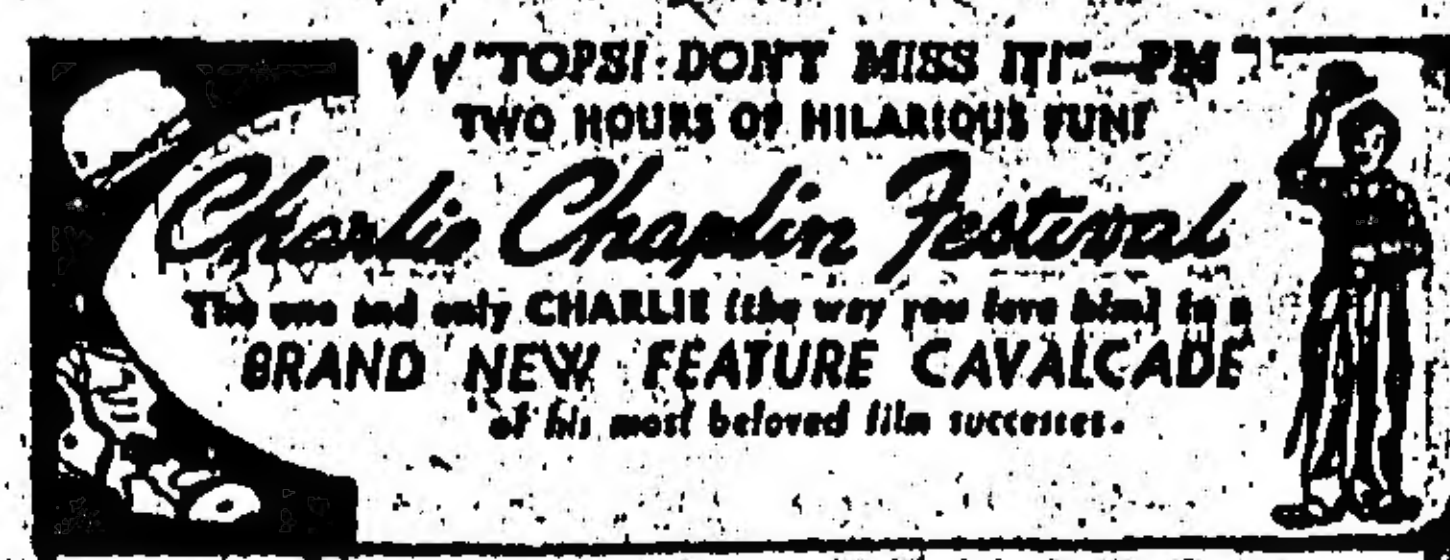
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NEXT CHANGE: "OUTCRY"
AN ITALIAN PICTURE WITH ENGLISH SUBTITLE

Canada And U.S. At Loggerheads Over Air Defence

Ottawa, Aug. 10.

One of the major problems involved in organising the defence of the North American continent against trans-Polar air attack is to reconcile widely varying Canadian and American opinions on how to go about it.

Canadian defence authorities are not thrown into a panic by the thought that enemy atom bombers may come via the North Pole across Canada on their way to attack United States cities. They do not, for the moment, consider it very likely. But they do concede that as Russia's supply of jet bombers and atom bombs improves, as it is now doing, the possibility becomes more real.

Since 1949 the chief concern of Canada has been to help to keep any new outbreaks as far from North American shores as possible.

It was with this in mind that one Canadian brigade was sent to Korea, another to Europe and squadrons of jet fighters were dispatched across the Atlantic to operate under the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) Command.

This autumn Canada's Fourth Jet Fighter Wing will find itself stationed in Europe, the construction of an anti-submarine fleet will be well under way and this country's commitments to the defence of Europe will have been completed.

Attention will then be turned more directly on the defence of North America against air raids than was possible when the main preoccupation was to establish anti-aggression barriers in Europe.

It is realised that facing up to this problem will bring to the fore problems presented by basic difference in Canadian and American concepts of how such a defence is to be organised and established. There is not the slightest doubt in official circles that agreements will be worked out eventually; but there is no disposition to minimise the differences.

MAIN PROBLEM

The main problem is presented by the very understandable desire of civil defence authorities to increase the number of the earliest possible warnings about the approach of enemy aircraft and their possible interception before they reach United States cities. It is with this in mind, apparently, that American groups have been pressing for a ring of radar stations across the Arctic rim of the continent.

The cost of such an installation would be colossal and, in the opinion of high defence officials here, not very effective. They admit such a radar fence would show the approach of an enemy aircraft heading south from the Pole. But they also argue that it would not give the slightest idea where the aircraft was going. At that altitude a change in course of a very few degrees would make it impossible to tell whether the bomber was headed for New York or San Francisco.

The only safeguard against this would be to have successive belts of radar stations or a radar defence in depth, the cost of which would be astronomical. It also pointed out that a single enemy bomber could keep the entire North American continent in a demoralised state of uproar simply by digging in and out of the radar covered areas. To could thus accomplish a morale-wrecking job of immense magnitude without moving more than a few hundred miles south of the Arctic Circle.

Having established the warning stations the next logical

step would be to build bases from which interceptors could operate. Apart from the cost and difficulties of operating such bases, it has been suggested here that such a claim could easily turn the tables and provide a chain of stepping stones which would help an invader if he made up his mind to seize them. There is not much support among defence experts for any belief that a widely strung-out number of stations could be so heavily manned for ever that each would be impregnable to a well-conceived and energetically executed attack.

MORE INVITING

Canada has every sympathy with American preoccupation with this problem for it is realised that these northern air defences would in reality be the air defences of the United States and that United States cities with their great industries present far more inviting and important targets than their more modest Canadian counterparts.

She does not, however, want to be forced into spending enormous sums of money on a scheme which might not even prove fully effective.

Since all the installations would be on Canadian soil it would theoretically be possible for Canada to veto any unsuitable proposals, though that is hardly likely to happen.

"We cannot be put in a position of saying that we cannot do it and we are not going to let you do it," says one high-ranking authority summed up the situation. "What would then be our position if an enemy flew across Canada and bombed an American city?"

The strongest argument for Canada, once described by the Minister for External Affairs, Mr. Lester B. Pearson, as a "scorched ice policy," is that the North itself by the simple fact that it is vast and inhospitable, raises natural obstacles far more effective than could be contrived by man. There will have to be efforts to reconcile the Canadian concept of "defence through emptiness" with the anxiety to have something a lot more positive installed.

No one here, however, dreams that the matter will be easier for Canada to veto any unsuitable proposals, though that is hardly likely to happen.

It is emphasised here that there will be no international crisis, although it is realised that when the United States armed services want something, they want it badly and they want it quickly, and money seems to be no object.

Canada, mindful of the fact that the time may come when she will have to buy out these installations, will only do her utmost to keep expenditure within reasonable bounds.—China Mail Special.



SHOWING TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30
& 9.30 P.M.



NEXT CHANGE
"UNDER THE RED SEA"

Lebanese Prime Minister Quits

Beirut, Aug. 10.
Lebanese Prime Minister, Saeb Salam, tendered his resignation last night to President Camille Chamoun, following last month's general elections. The resignation will be officially announced on Thursday when the new Chamber of Deputies holds its first session.
Political quarters believe that the outgoing Prime Minister will be reappointed to carry out President Chamoun's programme.—Reuter.

Slackening Of British Engineering Exports

London, Aug. 10.
Britain's exports of engineering goods, amounting last year to 41 per cent of her total export trade, have slackened off slightly this year in face of competition from the United States and Germany, the Treasury's monthly bulletin for industry stated today.
In the first five months of 1953 the average annual rate of British exports of engineering products fell by three per cent. Germany's showed no change, but in 1952 they rose 38 per cent compared with a British increase of eight per cent. America's export rate in the first four months rose by three per cent.

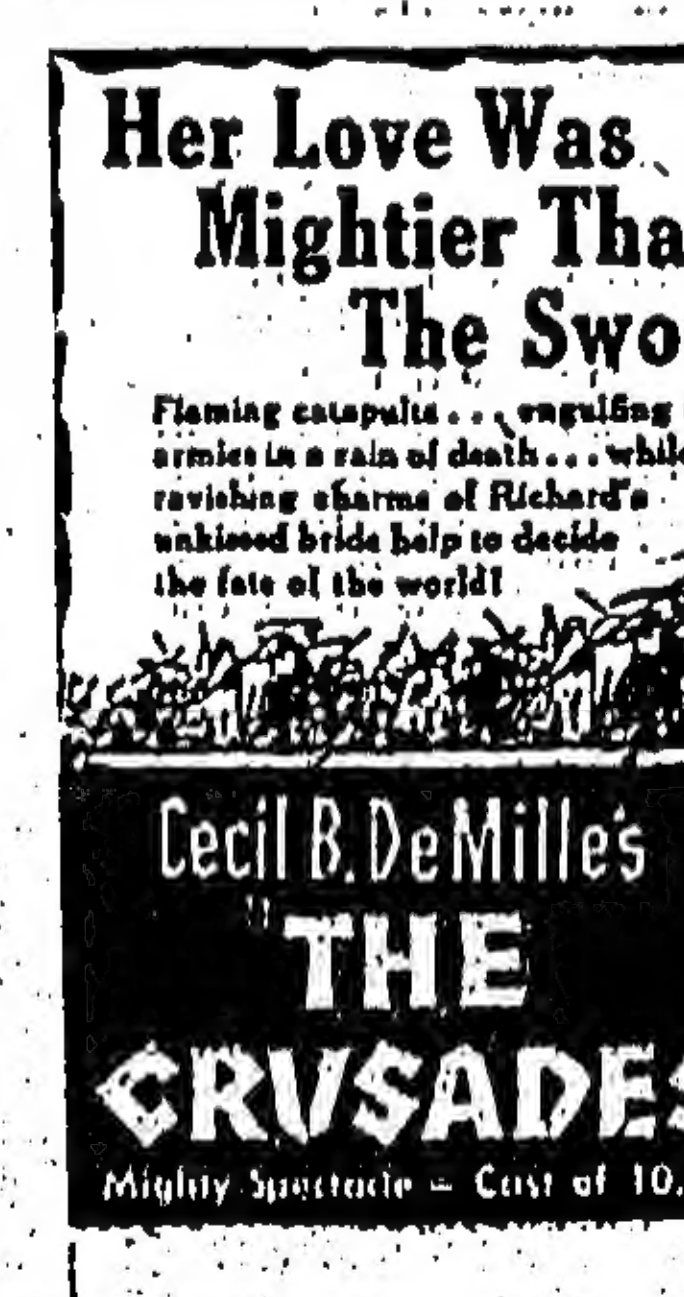
"It appears that we may have lost a little ground," the bulletin said. "And there is no reason to suppose that at the moment our engineering exports are rising faster than those of the other two countries."
Since 1951 German production for export had increased twelve-fold and was well over half of British export production in the first five months of 1953.

"Generally it is clear that over the whole period (from 1951 onwards) German exports have increased faster than those of the other two countries," the bulletin observed.—China Mail Special.

Better To Have Kept Quiet

Rio de Janeiro, Aug. 10.
After the Rio de Janeiro evening paper A Noticia inquired at the post office why it had not had any mail for several days, postmen staggered into the main office with several big bags full. They contained a pile of letters for the few previous days—but most of the mail was about two years old.
It was not even addressed to A Noticia. There were hundreds of letters for other firms and organisations including rival newspapers, business companies, private people—and even the Government's own agency, Agencia Nacional.—Reuter.

PLEASE BOOK EARLY!!



COMMENCING TO-MORROW at the
LEE and GREAT WORLD

South African Opposition Party Leader Attacks U.N. Commission On Apartheid "UNWARRANTED INVESTIGATION"

Capetown, Aug. 10.

The leader of the South African Opposition, Mr. Jacobus Strauss, tonight described a United Nations Commission on racial discrimination in South Africa as "an unwarranted commission charged with an unwarranted investigation into the Union's domestic affairs."

Mr. Strauss told the House of Assembly he was raising the question "to get the Prime Minister, Dr. Daniel Malan, to clarify the position so that South Africa's good name will not be injured by what is happening before the Commission at the present time."

The United Party felt it was "correct for the Government and in conformity with the will of the people of South Africa to say that the only attitude to take up was the rejection of the existence and activities of the Commission."

Mr. Strauss said it was a matter for regret that Dr. Malan had not made a statement clarifying South Africa's position as regards the Commission.

It should have been wise when the Commission began its sittings for the Government to have issued a statement so there could be no misunderstanding.

"It seems to me this Commission is not getting the support that some of our enemies abroad would like it to get," Mr. Strauss said.

THE DANGER

"Witnesses before it have not been very impressive, but the danger is that the one-sided evidence that is being given may cause harm to South Africa."

The Commission is meeting in Geneva.

Referring to the Central African Federation, Mr. Strauss said the Opposition regarded this as an important development.

To Support Struggle Of East Germans

Berlin, Aug. 10.
European trade union leaders today decided to create a million mark (£83,000) fund to "support East German workers in their struggle against oppression," trade union officials announced.
The decision was made at a conference in West Berlin of a commission of the International Federation of Free Trade Unions.

The commission also decided to open an office in Berlin later this month to deal with "workers' problems behind the Iron Curtain."

Creation of the fund had been suggested at the Federation's recent World Congress at Stockholm.—Reuter.

Veterans Up In Arms

Washington, Aug. 10.
The American Veterans Committee urged today that a United Nations commission be created to investigate reports of atrocities to war prisoners by the Communists in Korea.

"Persons found guilty of such actions should be brought before a tribunal set up by the United Nations charged with crimes against humanity and tried."

The National Chairman, Mr. Curtis Campagna, said in a letter to the United Nations Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjöld, that the United Nations should look into charges that some prisoners had been tortured and others sent to Manchuria or Eastern Europe as slave labourers.—Reuter.

A WORD OF CAUTION

Washington, Aug. 10.
The former United States Ambassador to the Soviet Union, Mr. George Kennan, said today he was sure revolution eventually would take place in the Soviet orbit.

He cautioned, however, against official United States interference in the internal troubles of the Communists lest this tended to stimulate Communist unity.

Mr. Kennan gave his views at a seminar sponsored by John Hopkins University on Soviet imperialism. Mr. Kennan said Soviet ideas no longer had a powerful attraction in the Western world, where the danger, he said, was one of military power.

In Asia, he suggested there had been "a certain turn of the tide of battle" towards the forces of realism and common sense.

"Plainly the edifice of Soviet power is faced today with severe strains and crisis," Mr. Kennan said.—Reuter.

Inspection Mission

Manila, Aug. 10.

A five-man team of United States Army officials arrived today from San Francisco to inspect American military equipment sent to the Philippines under the Mutual Aid Defence Programme. The officers are from the Supply Staff of the United States Department of the Army.—Reuter.

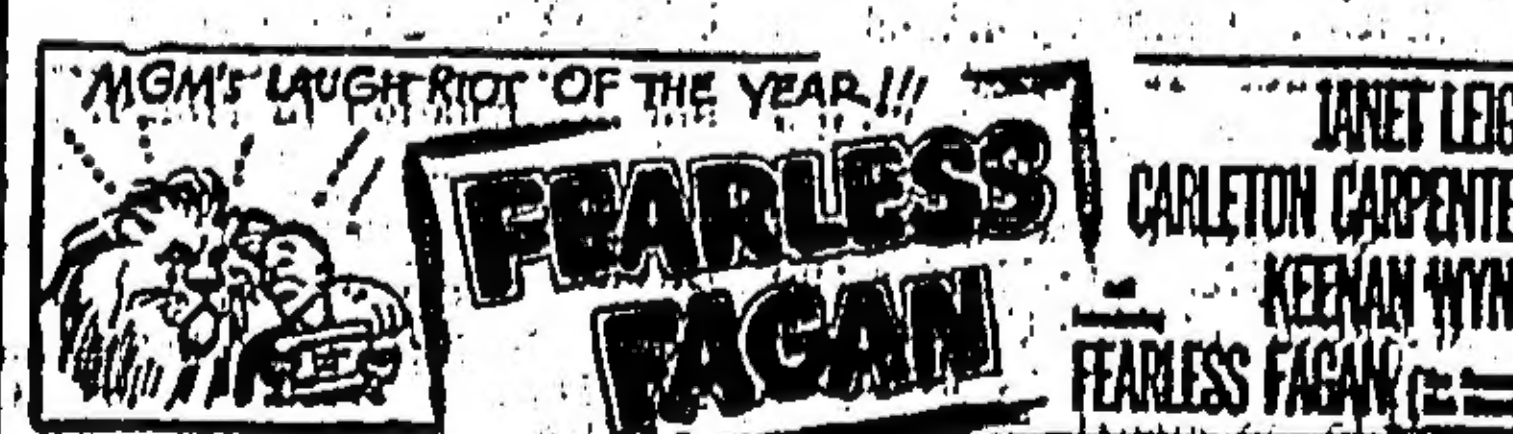


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AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

• SHOWING TO-DAY •



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NEXT CHANGE



Breath-taking



NEW WINE IN AN OLD BOTTLE

By HUGO DEWAR

RECENT events in the Soviet Union call to mind the struggle for power that took place among the Bolsheviks after Lenin's death. In some quarters it is held that Beria's removal from the political scene can be explained in terms of such a struggle. If this view is correct, then a purge of Party and State bodies may be anticipated rivaling in scope the terrible purge that entered its culminating phase on August 19, 1936, a phase that lasted nearly two years and ended with the execution of the executioners.

When Lenin died no one inherited his prestige and authority. From among Zinoviev, Kamenev and Stalin emerged as a dominant triad during the first post-Lenin period; just as, after Stalin's death, the Malenkov-Berka-Molotov triad came to the front. The former triad did not hold together long, but it was not until August, 1936, that Stalin gave his erstwhile allies the final coup-de-grace. Today, only a few months after its formation, one pillar of the post-Stalin triad has already been thrown down into the mud.

AN ECHO

Speaking at Stalin's funeral, Malenkov said: "We must guard Party unity as the apple of our eye." This was undoubtedly a conscious echo of Stalin's own words over Lenin's grave: "In leaving us, Comrade Lenin, command us to keep the unity of the Party as the apple of our eye. We swear to thee, Comrade Lenin, to honour thy command."

The manner in which Stalin preserved the unity of the Party has been recorded in all its sordid and bloody details. Will Stalin's protégé, Malenkov, follow in the footsteps of his teacher?

The explanation of Beria's fall by reference to, and analogy with, the toppling of heads required to consolidate Stalin's personal power is attractive, easy to understand. Yet there is a great difference between the long-drawn-out earlier struggle and the one that is taking place today.

The Zinoviev-Kamenev trial of August 19, 1936, marked the beginning of the end of an epoch. The names of these two men, and of all the other Bolsheviks destroyed during the thirties, mean little or nothing at all to the Stalinist generation of "Communists." Yet Zinoviev was the first President of the Communist International, Chairman of the Leningrad Soviet, a Vice-Chairman of the Council of Commissars, a member of the Central Committee and of the Political Bureau of the Party; and Kamev was Chairman of the Moscow Soviet, a Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers, and a member of the C.C. and the Politburo.

NEW PARTY

In the trials of 1937 and 1938 figured such men as Radek, Fursakov, Sokolnikov, Bukharin, Rakovsky, and Rykov. This is the name of a few. The principal accused at these three trials were all of them devoted, not to say fanatical, Bolsheviks; all holding, or having long held, high government posts; all with life-long records of service to the revolutionary movement.

Against skin disease and itching

Mitigal

A GENUINE BAYER PRODUCT
MANUFACTURED IN
LEVERKUSEN, GERMANY

Liquidated with their own hands, the entire leadership of the Armed Forces.

At the same time the last of their remaining supporters in the Party and in the organs of the State were disposed of. Millions of books, newspapers, periodicals, reports, documents of all kinds were burned, so that everything the Bolsheviks had ever said, written, or done would be forgotten, so that no record would exist to contradict history rewritten by Stalin's hacks. This was the greatest "burning of the books" in the history of mankind.

Thus there came into existence a new Party, with a new function. Henceforth it was to be a docile instrument in the hands of the Leader, exercising power through his control of the secret police, which dominated in every sphere of society. Russia was brought back from her dream of a brave new world to her age-old system of autocracy tempered by assassination.

IMPASSE

This protracted, root-and-branch purge ended with the liquidation of its technical organizers, the two successive heads of the secret police, Yagoda and Yezhov. Beria then took over this post, and remained secure in it for 14 years; that is, until Stalin's death. Thus the purge of today begins where the purge of the thirties ended. Beria's removal is striking, and a particularly striking sign that the present Soviet leaders are desperately striving to find a way out of the impasse into which Stalin's policy has led them. His removal was dictated by considerations of domestic policy, and it is highly doubtful, to say the least, if foreign affairs played any part in it at all. In any case foreign policy is an extension of domestic policy, and not vice-versa.

At Stalin's funeral the three main speakers were Malenkov, Beria, and Molotov. In that order. Beria went last of his way to make a eulogistic reference to Malenkov as "the talented pupil of Lenin and loyal colleague of Stalin." This was quite obviously calculated; the chief of the secret police was giving notice that he regarded Malenkov as Stalin's rightful heir, a view amply justified by Malenkov's past. But already Malenkov's power had been weakened by his removal from the post of general secretary of the Party. Beria's removal was a disgrace must be therefore viewed in the light of the present collective leadership's manifest desire not to allow too much power to be concentrated in the hands of one man.

SOVIET MYTH

The key accusation against Beria is that "he tried to place the Ministry of Internal Affairs above the Government and the Party." However, his accusers well know that it is not a question of what he "tried" to do, out of what he, acting as Stalin's henchman, actually succeeded in doing. The vigorous, intensive post-Stalin campaign to revive the principle of "collective leadership," and to raise the prestige of the Party, coupled with a sustained attack on the "cult of the leader"—now suddenly discovered to be pernicious—all this is in no way accidental. The campaign in favour of respect for the so-called "civil rights" of the Soviet citizen and for "Socialist law" is complementary to the campaign for collective leadership.

Beria's trial, public or private, will be used to convince the population that the power of the secret police has been broken. This is apparent from the emphasis given by the British Daily Worker correspondent, Ralph Peckey, writing officially from Moscow, to the charge that Beria "opposed measures taken by the Party and the Government to guarantee civil rights and to liquidate certain abuses." "Certain abuses" behind this discreetly mild phrase lies, as the Soviet press itself has of late revealed, a truly appalling situation of nepotism, corruption, and the wholesale perversion of justice for private ends.

From all of which one thing stands out starkly: the glaring contrast between Soviet reality and the Soviet myth of a free and equal society where justice reigns supreme. The most elementary civil rights have still to be "guaranteed" the Soviet citizen 35 years after the State allegedly became his State. And how will they be "guaranteed"? Some of the most glaring injustices perpetrated in every corner of the Soviet empire will be redressed, but the system that engenders them will remain. Beria and his associates will be dealt with precisely as Zinoviev, Kamenev and the others were dealt with on August 19, 1936—by means of the inquisition trial. The power of the secret police may be temporarily curbed, but not abolished, because the bureaucracy, which itself fears it and suffers from it, is too powerful to be destroyed. "Reasonable" bounds the aspirations of the Soviet people for freedom.

This is not to say that nothing has changed or can change in the Soviet Union. The great industrial progress in that country has brought into existence a new agricultural population. These people, directly or indirectly, have been brought by events into contact with a western civilisation spiritually and materially higher than their own, and they will continue to demand, a fuller, freer and better life.

IKE CAN'T SIT ON THE PORCH

From NEWELL ROGERS

New York. THE Secret Service has forbidden President Eisenhower from sitting on the front porch of his mother-in-law's home when he is in Denver, Colorado, for his summer holiday.

He has sat there ever since he courted and married Mamie Doud on July 1, 1919.

But it is only 10% from the start of the "screw-up" assassins.

INSTEAD of taking paid holidays during the hot months of August 500,000 workers in several industries, hot under the collar over failure to win pay rises, threaten strikes.

ARE women worse snobs than men? Yes, answers Jennifer Colton, author of a new book on modern living: "What to Do When."

She gives these hints for putting a snob in her place:—
1. Never let Mrs. Snob draw you into discussions of wealth, social distinctions, or whatever she is snobbing about—the right social set, school, or fashion.
2. Avoid the snob's special vocabulary. Use plain, simple words. And speak bluntly.
Says Mrs. Colton: "Snobbery is not a quality like love or honour that can exist by itself. It requires people who believe in it and react to it."

THE Rockefeller Foundation grants \$50,000 dollars (\$27,837) for an 18-month "initial analysis of the Sterling Area." An announcement says it will involve an assessment of its contradictory aspects and an indication of new lines along which it seems to be developing.

Chief investigator—Judd Polk, chief of the U.S. Treasury's British Commonwealth and Middle East Division.

RADAR was the star witness, and got what is believed to be its first conviction in the U.S., when a jury found James



FUTURE: A family heads for the moon... **FACT:** A piloted Skyrocket plane has flown at 1,238 miles an hour 15 miles up. A missile has gone up 250 miles and reached 5,150 miles an hour—a rocket five times faster could land on the moon.



FUTURE: A space-ship crew on the planet-path... **FACT:** A man in a rocket-propelled seat has endured stresses five times greater than space-ship ones. Mice photographed "floating" inside a rocket have survived a descent from 40 miles up.

THOUSANDS of holiday-makers will be going for trips in pleasure ships this summer. How soon will they be going for trips into space in rocket ships?

A crazy idea, you think? Then consider these accomplished facts:—

1. Men are already flying in rocket ships in what is virtually space.

U.S. test pilot Bill Bridgeman has flown the Sky-

How about a week-end on the moon?

More than 100 rocket experts from ten countries met in Zurich, Switzerland, last week to confer on "Astronautics"—flight into outer space. After talks with them our Science Reporter cabled this despatch—the considered views of serious scientists who believe that in the lifetime of most of us men will step on to the surface of the moon.

by CHAPMAN PINCHER

rocket experimental plane at 1,238 miles an hour at a height of 15 miles. At that height he was above 96 percent of the earth's atmosphere.

The Skyrocket is nothing less than a winged rocket designed to operate where there is no air and powered, as the V2 was, by rocket liquid fuels.

2. An unmanned rocket has flown at 5,150 miles an hour—nearly eight times as fast as a second, going up 250 miles. Only five times this speed is needed to enable a rocket to escape from the earth's gravitational pull and reach the moon—in less than five days.

3. Monkeys and mice have returned to earth unharmed after rocket flights to a height of nearly 40 miles. They easily withstood the peculiar sensation of weightlessness experienced in space flight. Doctors believe that men could do the same.

4. In tests on rocket-propelled chairs men have stood up to 40 "g's"—the effects of sudden speed changes equal to 40 times the force of gravity. This is far greater than any aircraft which they would be subjected on a flight into space.

The tempo of rocket research throughout the world is terrific. More than 100 firms and four huge research stations are working on guided missiles in Britain alone. The U.S. is spending hundreds of millions of dollars on rocket work for defence purposes.

Most of these developments are now secret, but they must ultimately advance the days of space travel just as wartime jet research led to the Comet stratosphere airliner.

Projects can be disclosed which give some idea of the rate of progress. In these:—

British scientists are testing a rocket device which shoots a pilot's fighter-planes vertically into the air to a height of 10,000 ft. in a few seconds.

U.S. engineers are working on a machine designed to fly at more than 2,000 miles an hour at a height of 40 miles.

A giant rocket with a range of 500 miles—twice the range of the V2—is going into production in America.

As the scientists meeting here point out, the most sober mind must now admit that many of the technical milestones on the way to the moon have already been passed.

The experts made these forecasts:—

Within the next 10 years an unmanned rocket will have been launched—at a speed of 18,000 miles an hour—to circle the earth like an artificial moon 300 miles up. It will be a mass of robot instruments designed to transmit to earth astronomical and weather facts which are now inaccessible.

Such a machine could be built now for the price of only 50 bomber planes, the scientists say.

Within 15 years an unmanned rocket will have reached the moon and sent back TV pictures of the lunar landscape.

Within 25 years there will be at least one manned space station revolving permanently round the earth.

From there the step to rocket-flight round the moon and back without landing would be short. A rocket which could take off from a space station would need a speed of only 7,000 miles an hour to reach the moon and return.

The difficulties of landing on the moon's airless surface are immense but there is a confident feeling here that it will be accomplished long before the end of the century.

By that time pleasure trips into space hundreds of miles above the earth's surface will be commonplace, the experts claim.

Space-travel enthusiasts used to be regarded as crackpots, with little or no scientific standing. Today at this conference there are top-level men like Dr. Eugen Sanger, a former German rocket chief, the Italian Professor G. A. Crocco, and Dr. F. Singer, of the U.S. Office of Naval Research.

Even more impressive for the sceptics is the fact that later this month a further conference on Rocket Exploration of the Upper Atmosphere is being sponsored by the world's leading scientific body—the London Royal Society.

THE HANDSOME COLONEL FIGHTS AGAIN

★ Twice he has led his party to defeat. In the new Canadian elections he knows his own destiny is at stake

By BEVERLEY BAXTER, MP

London, Aug. 7. STRANGE as it may seem, Canada is going to hold a General Election next week. This will almost certainly mean hot, humid weather, especially in Ontario and Quebec, with families away on holiday in the Lake districts and the mountains.

The only apparent advantage is that it will be possible to hold meetings in the open air.

Politics in Britain are simply itself compared with Canada. Nowadays, we choose between the Socialists and the Tories, with only an academic interest, in the Liberal suicide squad. But in Canada there are four main parties—Conservative, Liberal, Commonwealth Co-operative Federation (in other words Socialists) and Imperialist, pro-British section of the country. Understandably it is a Tory citadel, and Drow could probably have remained Premier for life.

But in 1935, when the last Federal Canadian Prime Minister, R. B. Bennett, was defeated and, like Coriolanus, banished Canada, and went to live in England, the Tories had to find a new leader. They tried out John Bracken from the West, but he did not prove a winner, and George Drow was drafted in his place.

Nothing seemed more certain than that "Handsome George" would eventually be Prime Minister of Canada. But twice he has led his party to defeat, and George Drow knows that his own destiny is at stake.

But how can the Conservatives hope to destroy a Government with an overall majority of more than 100? Furthermore, is it not a fact that Canada is enjoying one of the longest boom periods in history?

No Limit.

So vast is the development of her natural resources that the only limit to her future is the horizon. Not only does the Canadian dollar look the American dollar in the face but patronises it.

Certainly Canada has reason to rejoice, but it is necessary to point out that her territories are so vast and her communities so scattered that Canadians do not think or feel as a unit to the extent that we do in Britain.

Mr. St. Laurent has the aura of the man who never wanted or sought office. At great personal sacrifice he joined Mr. Mackenzie King's Government in the war. As a lawyer he had achieved almost every distinction the Canadian Bar could bestow, and his knowledge of finance and industrial development was vast.

Great Advantage

When Mackenzie King resigned after a period of vacillations and falterings that cruelly depleted his reputation as a statesman, Mr. St. Laurent was looked upon as the one man who could bring back dignity and unity to his troubled party.

Louis Stephen St. Laurent has another great advantage in a bilingual country. As a child, he talked French to his French-Canadian father and English to his Irish-Canadian mother—and with no accent, in either. He is a man without prejudice and without enemies.

George Drow, who was over for the Coronation, is tall, vital and handsome. He had a splendid military record in the first world war and shortly afterwards entered political life and became Conservative Premier in the Ontario Provincial Parliament.

Although on the surface Ontario seems the most Americanised part of Canada, that is merely a superficial impression. Actually it is the most

Imperialist, pro-British section of the country. Understandably it is a Tory citadel, and Drow could probably have remained Premier for life.

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Because of the distances there is no national press. There are not even bilingual newspapers in Quebec. In Montreal on the same day you can read La Presse in French or the Gazette in English. Therefore it is inevitable that local newspapers concentrate on local problems at the expense of national considerations.

Nor will television be a centralising medium. Unusually (for both Drow and St. Laurent have personal appeal) they decided to stick to the hustings instead of the screen.

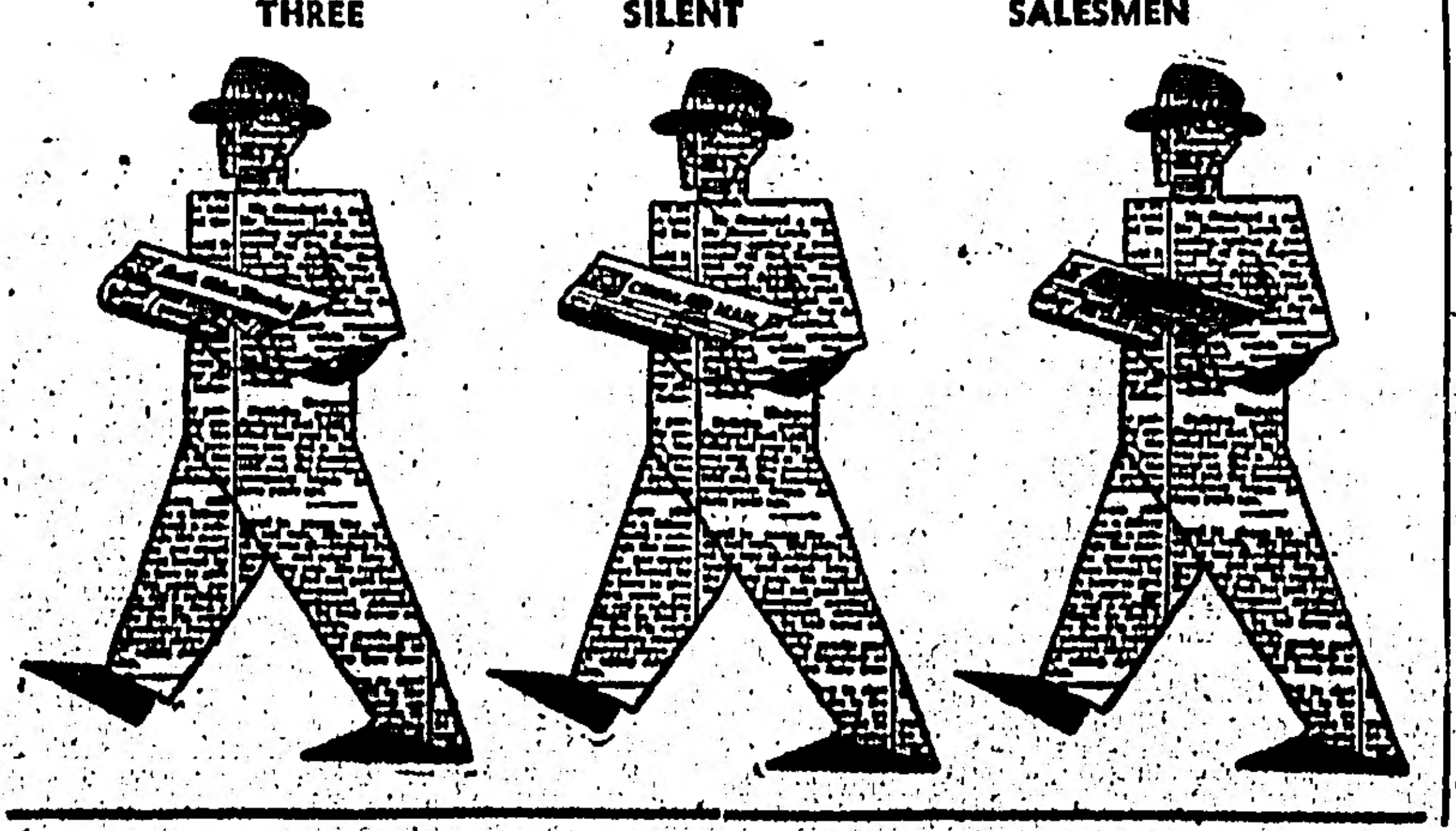
In Federal politics the Province of Quebec traditionally votes Liberal, but dairy produce is carried out on a big scale there and just now the producers are very angry. The American Congress plus President Eisenhower have put an embargo on dairy produce. But why does not the Ottawa Government do something about it? That is the cry not only in Quebec but in dairylands across the country.

Tax Issues

Then there is the vast wheat belt which is in a state of blue-cherry. The Government have signed a wheat price agreement which has spread alarm and despondency over the prairie. Logically, the farmers say: "What good is it to me if Canada is rich and I am poor?"

But there is one matter in which all Canadians are united. Universally there is a cry that taxation is too high. George Drow, with the freedom that Opposition allows, has declared that he will reduce taxation by 500 million dollars. Mr. St. Laurent, with the unmanoeuvrability of office, replies that it cannot be done.

There the issue rests. What the result will be, could have no better friends than the two men who are taking the fight to lead Canada into the future.



Colonel UP and Mr. DOWN... by Walter

BY THE WAY
by Beachcomber

I HAVE read lately of several instances of thieves returning stolen goods to their owners.

Mr. Foulness went on to say that the man who had returned the goods to the collector of objects d'art.

JACOBY
ON BRIDGEWeird Is Only Way
To Describe This

By OSWALD JACOBY

WHEN today's hand was played in the semi-final round of the Eastern Championship Team event, the bidding was weird and the play was even more weird.

West should not have doubled four hearts, but should have defeated the contract as declarer actually played it.

As the hand was actually played, declarer won the first trick in dummy with the ace of clubs, drew two rounds of trumps with the king and ace, and then led a spade towards dummy.

West should have hoped up with the ace of spades to lead another club. This would have indicated the correct defence beyond any chance of confusion.

Actually West played a low spade, allowing East to win with the king of spades. East

NORTH 13	
♠ QJ52	
♥ KQ3	
♦ 10733	
♣ A32	
WEST	
♠ A4	
♥ 109743	
♦ J4	
♣ KJ64	
EAST	
♠ K83	
♥ None	
♦ K862	
♣ Q10975	
SOUTH (D)	
♠ 10976	
♥ AQJ852	
♦ A6	
♣ 6	
Neither side vul.	
South West North East	
♥ Double Redbl Pass	
Pass Pass	
Opening lead—♠ 4	

could have returned a club, of course, and should have done so. Actually East switched to diamonds, and declarer was able to win with the queen of diamonds, knock out the ace of spades, and make his contract.

South was forced to ruff clubs only once, and could thus keep control of the hand. If he had been forced to ruff twice, he would have lost control and would have been set.

South didn't need bad defence to make this weird contract. After discovering the bad trump break at the second trick, South should not lead a second round of trumps. He should immediately finesse the queen of diamonds and begin the spades. The defenders take the first spade and lead a club, forcing South to ruff.

South leads another spade, and ruffs the third round of clubs. Now South cashes the ace of diamonds and leads a third spade.

West can ruff, of course, but then cannot defeat the contract. If West leads his last club, dummy can ruff with the trump that has been carefully left there for just this purpose. South will then take the last three tricks with his high trumps.

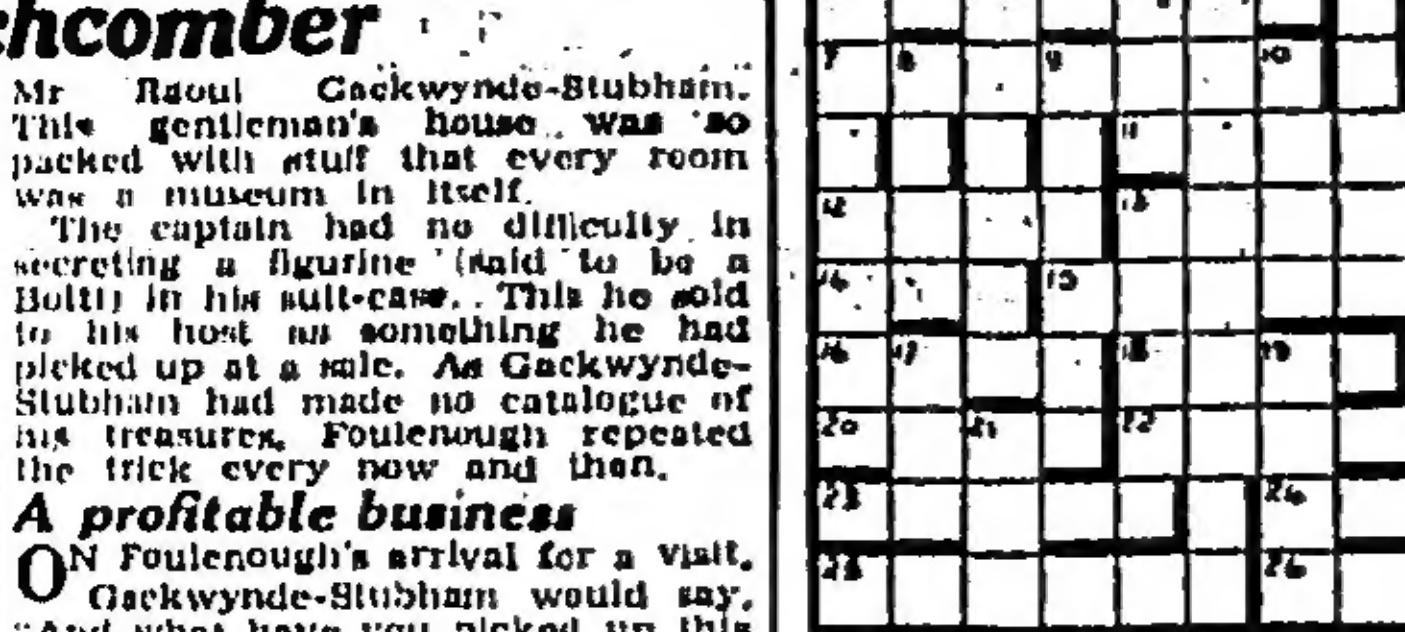
CARD SENSE

Q—With North-South vulnerable, the bidding has been: East South West North 3 Diamonds? A—Q-3, Heart A-Q-J-5, Diamonds 5-2, Clubs K-Q-7. What do you do?

A—Double. You have poor distribution for this takeout double since you have two small cards in the enemy's suit. To make up for this defect you have substantially more than the minimum of 15 points usually shown by this kind of double.

TODAY'S QUESTION The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spades K-J-6-3, Hearts A-Q-J-5, Diamond 5, Clubs Q-9-7-2. What do you do?

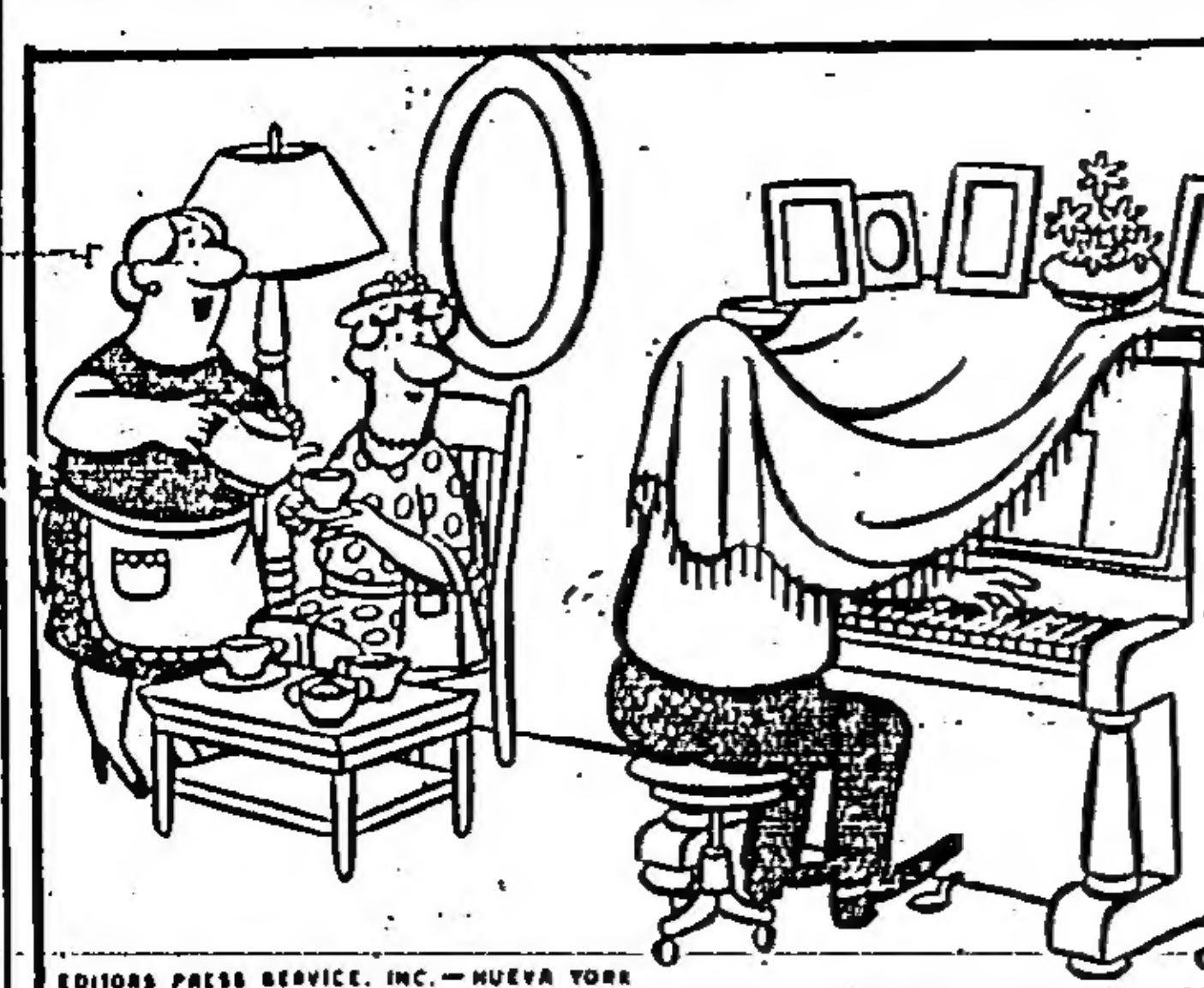
CROSSWORD



Across
1. One of the wooden walls. (7)
2. Deer ant (tang). (7)
3. Capital value. (5)
4. The way to popular songs. (4)
5. You three! Form four! (5)
6. One to the west. (4)
7. King's stand-in. (6)
8. River in time. (4)
9. Pleasant town. (4)
10. Stationary machine. (4)
11. To admit. (3)
12. Tell him of for bad work on your. (3)
13. Piler on the ground. (3)
14. This is tied up. (4)
15. To short girl hidden—here's a name. (3)

Down
1. Span woe (tang). (7)
2. Block up. (3)
3. Possessive verb. (3)
4. Without rhyme or reason. (9)
5. New harbour town. (5)
6. Much more than enough. (11)
7. Often a bitter partner. (4)
8. One thing Mrs. G. had. (4)
9. Run with an adre. (4)
10. Thick. (3)
11. But ever to go—our sole delight. (11)
12. To have there but determine gain. (4)
13. Dip it in—now out! (3)

SOLUTION TO CHECK YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE



"The moment he sits down to play, he's in another world."

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

TUESDAY, AUGUST 11

BOON today, your honest sincerity will make you one of the real winners of your year. You may not be well understood by your contemporaries, for your ideas are apt to be far ahead of your own time. Your originality and ingenuity are the basis of your shining success. You have an eye for detail and like to see everything done properly and correctly. You are impatient with those who are sloppish in their methods. You can be a harsh taskmaster with others, but are the same with yourself.

There is another side to your nature which is parallel to your more serious side. You are pleasure-loving and you women, particularly, enjoy fine clothes and jewels. Unless this tendency is curbed, it is likely that you will have a real handicap to your becoming really wealthy.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—The harder you work, the greater the benefits will be for you in the long run. VINGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—Make plans for a pleasurable evening spent in the company of close friends. LUNA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—Your ambitions are high and you may achieve them all if you work hard enough. SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 23)—Be thoroughly practical when it comes to following out your ambitions. If profits are to be made. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 24-Dec. 23)—If you need to revise your business plan, this is a good day to begin. PISCES (Dec. 24-Jan. 20)—This may be a good day for doing a loved one a favour. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—You can show a forceful and positive nature without being unpleasantly aggressive.

CHESS PROBLEM

By E. POULSEN
Black, 6 pieces



White, 10 pieces.
Write to play: mate in two.
Solution to yesterday's problem: 1. B-K5, any; 2. Q, Kt or P-mates.

Answer Tomorrow

Liz Doesn't
Believe
In Sweetness

By CLEMENT D. JONES

Hollywood.

To all girls who believe they can catch and hold their men by a constant show of sweetness and affability, Elizabeth Scott offers some words of warning.

"Assert yourself!" Miss Scott said. "Speak your own mind before you become just another rubber stamp, and just about as uninteresting, too."

Not that Liz doesn't believe in sweetness and tenderness in a woman. In fact, she rebels against the career women who constantly compete with men but still look for special treatment from them.

But if a woman doesn't occasionally rebel she'll become either a hypochondriac, an invalid or the heart-hugging wife of a millionaire," she said.

Most men, according to Lizbeth, never completely outgrow their need for a little motherly understanding from their wives or girl friends. But too much of this can add them searching for someone who will speak her mind occasionally.

Timing Necessary

Miss Scott readily admits that rebellion should be well-timed.

Only once during her six years of stardom, she said, has she rebelled against Hal Wallis, the producer, whose careful guidance zoomed her to fame.

Comedy is a wonderful and necessary thing but the female who goes in the habit of laughing at every corny witticism she hears just to be pleasing will soon find herself the object of jokes, the actress commented.

"There's something suspicious about a continuously sugary disposition," she added. "Men will either take advantage of it or refuse to believe it. But they admire a girl who has the nerve to speak her mind when she has something worthwhile to say."

United Press.

WHAT'S HER LINE?
MRS. BEALES

Rearrange the letters to spell her occupation.

(Solution on Page 10)

FISHERMAN'S PIE

PAM WAS VACCINATED THIS MORNING. SHE DIDN'T EVEN CRY!

WELL, THAT'S A GOOD OVER!

LIKE TO SEE A NICE TASTY DISH FOR PETER?

I'VE MASHED UP THIS POUND OF POTATOES WITH TWO TABLESPOONS OF MILK AND 1 OZ GRATED CHEESE

AND I'VE GREASED THE DISH WITH BUTTER. BAKE IN A HOT OVEN TILL THE TOP IS BROWNED

TO ADD A DESSERT—SERVE WITH A HOT OVEN TILL THE TOP IS BROWNED

AND BAKE IN A HOT OVEN TILL THE TOP IS BROWNED

AND BAKE IN A HOT OVEN TILL THE TOP IS BROWNED

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WOMANSENSE

Here's the vision no mirror
can defeat

BUT THE WISE GIRL DOESN'T
BRING THE DREAM TO LIFE

WHO is the lovely who stands in the pool of moonlight in a pale floating white dress? SHE IS the vision that every girl has had of herself—ethereal, unattainable—and unlikely.

SHE IS the vision that flashes across every girl's mind and comes back again and again. And no amount of staring in the mirror or looking at the bank account ever drives the vision away. No facts about birthdays or thoughts of the ironing board ever quill blot it out.

SHE IS Amanda on the Riviera balcony on the night that she re-meets her first love—in "Private Lives."

SHE IS the girl in the advertisement who sweeps down the stairs into the ballroom and makes every man catch his breath at her beauty.

SHE IS any beautiful film star at the moment when George Sanders has called to take her out for the evening.

SHE IS the girl in the magazine leaning against a masculine shoulder above the caption: "There's never been anyone but you, Jacqueline."

SHE IS every girl's most romantic view of herself at her most romantic moment—a vision of moonlight and shadows, a girl in a white dress on the brink of adventure.

A wise girl never tries to bring the dream to life; for life, she knows, is full of compromise. She would have bought a much plainer dress that would wash, she would have taken a maid in case it rained, and the man would have thought the date was for next Wednesday.

But if she did fill in the details when the dream comes nearest to fitting the dream.

They Madden Me

HOW MADDENING they are... The women you always meet when you are looking your worst and they are

looking their best... the slim girls who eat up all the potatoes and then ask for yours as well... the brown girls who go about without make-up when you haven't had your holiday yet... the people who look at a bad snapshot of you and say they think it is rather good... the women who tell you that a dress you've just admired was something they made themselves... the people who say "You've never been as pretty as you were at 14."

THE Anne Edwards COLUMN

Old and New

TWO IDEAS worth a word of praise: One has been going for years and ought to be copied—it is the Baby Hat in that Sloane Square store. You can leave the baby and the pram in charge of someone who knows all the tricks for keeping babies happy.

The other is coming shortly and ought to be copied. It is a little restaurant in London. It promises two of the cheapest and most delicious French dishes—onion soup and omelettes—with coffee.

Hope in Hats

NEW HOPE for sixteeners: the row of smart little hats that are turning up this year on Princess Alexandra.

Small, chic, and becoming, they ought to send flying the idea that the only thing sixteeners can wear is a beanie, or a bonnet.

In feathers, in chiffon, they ought to send flying the idea that plain felt or plain straw is the suitable style.

And the Princess has everything it takes to change a fashion—a royal background, a mother whose dress-sense is unquestioned, a pretty face often in the newspapers—and a fashion field to herself.

Soothe Employees With Eye Appeal

Morristown, N. J.

Modern industry has come up with a new employment-recruiting technique—eye appeal.

Gay, light colours in offices, corridors, working areas, rest-rooms and canteens are supposed to suggest a "come hither" look to employees of a new plant of a furniture company.

The idea was to achieve a pleasing, quieting atmosphere, with the multi-coloured rooms and corridors designed to prevent a feeling of confinement.

"Discoloured colouring" was used in corridors. Thus, a receptionist could see to a visitor. "Take the green corridor until you reach the yellow corridor. Turn there, and it's the first door on your right."

To provide variety and contrast, colour schemes in the dining and rest areas are different from those in work areas.—United Press.

Kept from Getting Out

"And they keep me from getting out of this house," the fly broke in.

Knarf laughed. "I'll show you how to get out. Just fly up to the very top of the window. Then you'll find an opening."

The fly took Knarf's advice and flew out through the space where the window was open at the top. It was very glad to have nothing further to do with windows. "They're like spider webs," it said to itself as it buzzed along. "You don't see them until all at once you're on top of them! I'm happy. I don't have to live in a house!"

That's what the bluebottle fly said as it kept buzzing along.

Knarf said there were lots of good things about windows. "They let in the light. They keep out the rain and the wind."

"That's what I started to tell you," Knarf said. "It's the 'window glass'."

"Window glass? Is that what I'm bumping into? But I don't see it."

"Oh, you don't see windows very well. You see right through them."

"Humph," said the fly. "What good are windows?"

With that it flew straight for the glass.

Rupert and the Pepper-Rose-5

To Rupert's delight the balloons are cheap just as Willie had said, and he quickly chooses one. "I've got some special lifting gas in them," says the man. "Its effect may not last long, so have some fun while you can."

Yes, yes, yes, says Rupert, and he pulls upward. By holding on so he can jump quite high! This is great. I must go and join the others!

And he makes his way back in a series of long leaps.

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Another new "Adventure"—

RUPERT and the DOUBLE DREAM

\$1.

OPEN PAIRS MATCHES TODAY

By "TOUCHER"

If the weather permits, five of the eight third round matches of the Colony Open Pairs Lawn Bowls Championship will be played off this afternoon.

Pick of the games will be that between the Luz brothers and A. Eastman and J. McKelvie at the KCC.

The Luz brothers are strongly fancied to win the Pairs title, but will have to show their true worth to get through this round against two bowlers who are fully capable of upsetting the applecart.

Another good match will be seen at HKCC when A. R. Rahman and U. A. Rumjohn will clash with F. G. Luz and W. C. Ogley.

This will be an even game with the odds slightly in favour of the Luz-Ogley combination. Luz's consistent drawing as lead has paved the way to a couple of significant successes for this pair so far and much will depend on a temperamental Ogley who can easily fall prey to over-success and over-confidence.

TODAY'S GAMES

At KCC: R. F. Luz and J. A. McKelvie.

At HKCC: A. R. Rahman and U. A. Rumjohn v. F. G. Luz and W. C. Ogley.

At HKFC: P. K. Lau and R. Toy v. L. M. Neves and V. A. Neves.

At KBCC: B. F. Marques and J. M. Gutierrez v. A. E. Coates and B. W. Bradbury.

At Recreation: R. Gourlay and W. Marshall v. G. C. Norman and K. Bodie.

ON THE WAY



Chris Chataway handing over to Bill Nankeville during the Four Miles Relay Race at the White City on August 1 when a British team set a new world record of 16 minutes 41 seconds for the race.—Central Press Photo.

Ryder Cup Place Available For Spalding Winner

By PETER DITTON

At Worthing this week the last but one big money golf competition of the season, the £1,350 Spalding Tournament, commences and the particular incentive to the winner, apart from the prize money, is that if he is an Englishman he is almost certain to gain a place in the Ryder Cup team against America at Wentworth on October 2 and 3.

With the exception of Henry Cotton, the Ryder Cup Captain, all the "probables" and a host of "possibles" have entered.

The big names include Arthur Lees (Sunningdale), Norman Sutton (Exeter), Jack Hargreaves (Sutton Coldfield), Dai Rees (South Herts), Fred Daly (Balmoral), Peter Alliss (Ferrydown), Eric Brown, John Pantmon (Glenbervie), Harry Weetman (Crahan Hurst), Bernard Hunt (Atherstone), Tom Halliburton (Stewarton) and Max Faulkner (St Georges Hill).

TOUGH COMPETITION

Competition will be tough. It was on this course in 1952 that Tom Halliburton established a new world record with cards of 61 and 65 for a 36 hole aggregate of 126.

Low scoring can be expected again this time, and that means accuracy in every part of the game, particularly in approach work and putting.

In these latter respects the Americans have had the edge over Britain since the war, and the man who can get down in two from just off the edge of

the green with any degree of consistency will be a welcome addition to the British team.

The sixteen players from whom the Ryder Cup team will be chosen are to be named shortly. They will undergo an extensive week of practice at the end of September and then the final ten to constitute the team will emerge.

One well-known professional to whom I was talking at the weekend gave me his list of eight players for the team. They were Weetman, Lees, Brown, Rees, Cotton, Pantmon, Alliss and Hunt. This is certainly a strong-looking

side but it fails to include Jack Hargreaves, who recently won the match play tournament at Harrogate beating Vincenzo in the final. This performance, surely, has put Hargreaves in the side.

Others omitted from the professional team are Max Faulkner and Fred Daly, both post-war Open Champions. Neither has distinguished himself this season but a win for either in the Spalding tournament or a good performance in the Match Play Championship next month could be the passport to a Ryder Cup place.

—(London Express Service)

Turpin Gives Final Warning: "I Fight In New York Or..."

By DESMOND HACKETT

Randolph Turpin will fight Bobo Olson in New York City for the world middleweight title or Turpin will have no part of Olson and will ask for a new opponent.

George Middleton, who does the fight campaigning for Turpin, made this hard, fast, and distinctly final verdict in the one hour 48 minutes it takes the 5.10 from Paddington to reach Leamington.

Middleton was steamed up all to match the train locomotive as he again read the Yes-No-Yes-No correspondence file from the Olson boxing boss Sid Flaherty. Flaherty wants the fight, right in Olson's backyard in San Francisco.

The big boy Flaherty told me in New York last month that he would rather scrub the fight than have Olson fighting Turpin in New York City.

And this same Flaherty makes the most amiable look a kindly understandable critter when it comes to the strong line in stubbornness.

Why, he actually went out of the boxing business for two years to win his point.

Middleton is no waverer either. His temper was short as the new Dior skirt when he sent off the word to the International Boxing Club of New York, who are staging the fight, that he was so tired of the Olson business that the very name sent him to sleep.

TAKES A RISK Middleton reasoned it this way: Turpin takes a risk, fighting before the Olson locals in San Francisco.

Reading Bobo may also consider himself short of a little company if he fights in London. So Middleton, with that calculating machine brain which works out percentages so easily, figured that New York was just his way and the right way.

He clearly cables the International Boxing Club in New York.

The five events won by France included one that was marked off as a British certainty—the 440 Yards Hurdles, won by Guy Curry of France in the good time of 53.0 seconds from Harry Whittle (53.2) and Alec Hardy (53.8).

One British native record was set when Ken Wilmshurst won the 110p, Step and Jump at 48 feet 9 3/4 inches. Derek Cox cleared 6 feet 4 inches in placing second in the High Jump to the Tunisian, Georges Damilio, and Dr Euan Douglas won the Hammer Throw at 177 feet 8 3/4 inches—best British performance of the season in this event. Field event standards otherwise were not exceptionally high even by British-French standards.

Roger Bannister won the Half Mile in his personal best time of 1:50.7 seconds with

Brian Hewson, the AAA and Army Champion, second in a very good 1:51.2, also his best—to beat out the Algerian favourite in the event, Patrick El Mabrouk.

Len Smith was the surprise victor in the 440 Yards with a personal best time of 48.0 seconds.

Gordon Pirie won the Three Miles in the British record time of 13 minutes 38.4 seconds and the Algerian, Alain Mimoun won the Six Miles in the excellent time of 23 minutes 37.8 seconds. With the French runner Jim Peters surprisingly beating Frank Sando for second place.

BLANKET FINISH

Rene Bonino of France won the 100 Yards in a blanket finish with Brian Shenton and Ken Jones, all three clocking 9.9 seconds. Shenton won the 220 Yards in 21.7 seconds. Britain won both the Quarter Mile and One Mile Relays.

British victors in the field events were Geoffrey Elliott (Pole Vault), Peter Whaley (Long Jump), Ken Wilmshurst (Hop, Step and Jump), John Savidge (Shot Put), Mark Parrish (Discus Throw), Kevin Flanagan (Javelin Throw) and Euan Douglas (Hammer Throw). Except for Douglas and Wilmshurst, all won much below their best marks in these events.

The British women surprised their French opposition by winning nine of the 10 events of the match.

Best performance by far was Sheila Lerwill's 5 feet 6 inches in the High Jump. She just pushed the bar off with an unlucky touch when attempting a new world record of 5 feet 6 inches.

Now They Are Nobbling The Bulls

This is the end. Now they are nobbling the bulls before the Spanish bullfights.

The reason, say bullfighters, is that fashions in the ring have changed and new passes popular with the public mean that you cannot get close to the bull.

This gives a 100 per cent wild bull a better chance of inflicting a 100 per cent injury on the matador.

So, at first, bulls' horns were fled down. The practice was widespread.

But a noted matador, Antonio Gienovada, declared publicly that anybody who fought a halved bull was not a real matador.

BLUSH OF SHAME

Though a blush of shame spread among the horn-filling matadors, they proceeded to boycott Gienovada.

He was forced to resign his job as president of the bullfighters' social security organization. He may be forced to retire from the arena.

But his public rebuke stopped the practice of horn-filling. It was then found that no first class matadors could be persuaded to face the first-class bulls.

Some managers have found the way out.

They keep the bulls without food or water for two or three days and then, 12 hours before the fight, they stuff the bulls with oats and water.

They send the bulls to the arena upside down in reinforced wooden crates.

DOSE OF MORPHINE

Just before the fight they dope the bulls with morphine.

This procedure is guaranteed to make the bulls top heavy and drowsy. They keep falling down. This adds years to a matador's expectation of life.

But there are open critics. One Uruguayan, writes in a review called *La Corrida* that he overheard a talk between two assistants of a top-ranking matador.

One assistant said: "We overdid it yesterday. We gave the bull too much dope and it fell down 10 times."

—(London Express Service)

BRITAIN WON 14 OF 19 EVENTS IN ATHLETIC MATCH WITH FRANCE

Great Britain won 14 of 19 events in the men's section of the athletic match with France at the White City Stadium, London, on August 1 and 3. The biggest surprise to the French was Britain's victory in seven of eight field events.

Clay Gibbs of Trinidad and William Laing of the Gold Coast were the only two Colonials on the British team against a French team that was more African than any of its predecessors in the history of this annual contest.

Jean Desforges won the 80 Metres Hurdles in a very fast 11.1 seconds, which would have been a British national record if there hadn't been a following wind.

ROUGHEST, TOUGHEST

"The roughest, toughest job I've ever had in movies" is how Kathryn Grayson describes her adventures in MGM's "Kiss Me Kate". Kathryn takes drastic punishment from Howard Keel, in one episode in which Keel spanks her a dozen times, then throws her on the back of a donkey.

Sight of the week... Norma Shearer, as young as spring itself, driving into the Beverly Hills Hotel in a cream-coloured Jaguar.

Danny Kaye's oil well in Western Texas is producing barrels of black gold... so are the three owned by Humphrey Bogart, Lauren Bacall, Barbara Stanwyck and Robert Taylor, while it's quite an old hobby with Greer Garson, whose husband, Buddy Fogelson, is one of the big oil tycoons of Texas.

Perfect casting: Francis L. Sullivan, weight 21 stone, plays a heavy (weight) in "Drums of Tahiti".

The Coronation film, "A Queen is Crowned", is doing a roaring business out here. In most theatres it gets the maximum applause.

Gordon Macrae, one of Hollywood's top golfers, has entered the qualifying round in the U.S. Amateur Golf Championship.

On location among the Navajo Indians (for "Fort Bravo"), Eleanor Parker heard herself greeted by the locals as "Big-Sco-Slets-Zo". Translated: "Girl With The Crazy Red Hair".

Sir Alexander Korda's birthday cake flown from London to New York, cost him £760—and no wonder. The bottom layer was packed with bottles of liquor.

To replace the Oscar that she lost recently, Vivien Leigh is buying another. It will cost her £20.

Around the studios I hear that Lucille Ball will move into Elizabeth Taylor's dressing room at Metro for "The Long, Long Trailer". But Elizabeth needn't worry all that much. She will move into June Allyson's—which is one of the most luxurious around these parts. And that's saying something!

From Mexico, a pal writes that John Wayne will sue his ex-wife's lawyers unless they stop trying "unorthodox methods" to get divorce evidence against him. "It's too warm in Mexico and I'm too busy with the picture, 'Hondo', to be anything but good," is Mr Wayne's comment.

How far will fans go? In Honolulu, right into the ocean. A group of film fans spotted Van Johnson and Tony Curtis on the beach at Waikiki, relaxing after the day's work in "The Colne Mutiny"—and Beachhead. Suddenly they descended on the players, chased them into the surf for their autographs. And one amorous lass tried to make off with Van's swimming pants!

During a film for television, Ray Milland had to carry a small boy Scout on his back. "I hope Mr Milland will be very careful," the boy's mother whispered to the director.

"Why, your son looks a strong lad," said the director. "He sure is but he got the mumps this morning," she said. Ray Milland has never had mumps!

Here's an auction sale to make the really ardent fans rush to make a bid. The so-called personal effects of British actor Peter Lawford are to go on to the auction block.

A big window display on Wilshire Boulevard calls attention to them. Chief attraction is a pale, pink-satin tufted bed with canopy.

Jane Wyman now insists on 24 hours' notice before any representative of the Press visits her set.

Autograph hunters chased Tony Curtis and Van Johnson a mile out to sea in Hawaii. The chase was useless. Paper isn't all that waterproof.

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Joan's First Western

JOAN CRAWFORD, who at 45 resumed - an old career in Torch Song - who dances again after 14 years - starts a new one in her next picture for Republic Johnny Guitler. It will be her first Western.

Ah, well, they all come to it these days. Marlene Dietrich did, Dentry Rider, Agnès, Jean Arthur did in *Shane*.

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League Tennis

Kowloon Indian Tennis Club beat the HKCC 5-4 in a Men's "C" Division League Tennis match played at the HKCC yesterday.

D. Bacon and R. Craig (HKCC) lost to S. Muni and Yashu Khan 4-5; lost to A. Wahab and Dawood Khan 3-5; beat Y. T. Khan and H. N. Hasleia 5-3; beat Y. T. Khan and H. N. Hasleia 5-3; beat Y. T. Khan and H. N. Hasleia 5-3; beat Y. T. Khan and H. N. Hasleia 5-3.

INCHES VICTORY



There was another Goodwood win by inches in the Chesterfield Cup on July 31 when Lady Zia Wernher's Hilltop, with W. H. Carr in the saddle, beat Mr A. L. Hawkins' Thirteen of Diamonds, with Sir Gordon Richards up. The photo flash camera had to decide the winner (on the rails).—Reuterphoto.

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"SHENKING"	Keelung	6 p.m. 12th Aug.
"YUENHAI"	Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	8 a.m. 13th Aug.
"FAKHOT"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10.30 a.m. 13th Aug.
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 14th Aug.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 14th Aug.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 14th Aug.
"FUKIEN"	Singapore, Belawan & Penang	8 a.m. 21st Aug.
"YUENHAI"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 22nd Aug.
"YUNNAN"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 24th Aug.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 24th Aug.
"SHENKING"	Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	8 a.m. 27th Aug.
"FAKHOT"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 28th Aug.
"YUNNAN"	Kuching, Sarik, Bintang, Sibit & Tanjong Munt	8 a.m. 1st Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	13th Aug.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 17th Aug.
"FUKIEN"	Singapore	17th Aug.
"YUENHAI"	Shanghai	17th Aug.
"YUNNAN"	Tientsin	18/19th Aug.
"SHENKING"	Kobe	21st Aug.
"FUKIEN"	Kobe	24th Aug.
"YUENHAI"	Sibu	26th Aug.
"HUNAN"	Bangkok	27th Aug.

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"TAIYUAN"	Kobe, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kobe & Yokohama	18th Aug.
"TAIPING"	Kobe	18th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	14th Aug.
"TAIPING"	Australia & Manila	18th Aug.
"SHANSHI"	Australia, Nauru, Ocean Is. & Manila	30th Aug.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

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Sails		Arrives
"CYCLOPS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	13th Aug.
"AUTOLYCUS"	Liverpool & Dublin	23rd Aug.
"LAOMEDON"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg	24th Aug.
"PERSEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	5th Sept.
"CLYTONEUS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	13th Sept.

Sails		Arrives
G. "PERSEUS"	Liverpool	13th Aug.
S. "CLYTONEUS"	do	23rd Aug.
G. "AUTOLYCUS"	do	24th Aug.
S. "AENEAS"	do	6th Sept.
G. "CYRRHUS"	do	13th Sept.
S. "ASCANIUS"	18th Aug.	22nd Sept.
G. "AGAPENOR"	24th Aug.	24th Sept.
S. "CALCHAS"	3rd Sept.	8th Oct.

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool. S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool. Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

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And now a "clearing house" for the thousands of letters which cross the world each month is operated by one official at the headquarters in London of the Associated Country Women of the World.

"Since 1950 the numbers of these letter friends have grown by more than 8,000," said an official of the association.

"These correspondents are in hundreds in America, New Zealand, Australia, in the other dominions and colonies, and in the countries of Europe west of the Iron Curtain.

"All kinds of women's problems are discussed, both home and personal, and different ways of life are explained and discussed.

"Thus real human contacts are made and friendships cemented."

TALKS IN THE FINAL STAGE

London, Aug. 10.

Talks on financial, economic and trade problems between Britain and Iraq today went into their final stage, according to an authoritative source. The private talks, begun on July 21, are being held by the Anglo-Iraqi Economic Committee.

Trade prospects between the two nations are also being discussed, the source said.

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M.S. "KITOKU MARU"

are hereby notified that their cargo

is being discharged into the Hong-

kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown

Co.'s godown where it will be at

consignee's risk and subject to the

Wharf's terms and conditions of

storage, and where delivery may

be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left

in the godown for examination by

consignees and the Company's

surveyors. Messrs. Goddard &

Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 13th

August, 1953.

To comply with the General

Donded Warehouse Regulations,

consignees must have a surveyor

present in attendance when damaged

goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after

the goods have left the steamer's

godown, and all goods remaining

undelivered after the 14th August,

1953, or they will not be recognized.

All claims against the steamer

must be presented to the Under-

writer on or before the 22nd August,

1953, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Agents: BODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

Hongkong, 10th August, 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees per

AUSTRALIA-WEST PACIFIC LINE

M.S. "AROS"

are hereby notified that their cargo

is being discharged into the Hong-

kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown

Co.'s godown where it will be at

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MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards: "VIETNAM" Sailed 12-14 Aug. For Hongkong
 "CAMBODGE" Sailed 20 Aug. For Hongkong
 Homeward: "VIETNAM" Sailed 25 Aug. From Hongkong
 "CAMBODGE" Sailed 25 Aug. From Hongkong

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards: "COUSSEULLES" Sailed 2 Sept. For Japan
 "AURAY" Sailed 25 Sept. For Japan
 "ARAQUADY" Sailed 1 Sept. For Japan
 Homeward: "COUSSEULLES" Sailed 25 Aug. From Japan
 "AURAY" Sailed 25 Aug. From Japan
 "ARAQUADY" Sailed 25 Aug. From Japan

m.v. "VIETNAM"

will sail for
YOKOHAMA AND KOBE
 on
Friday, August 14, 1953, at 7 p.m.

EMBARKATION: Passengers are requested to board the vessel between 4 and 6 p.m. on Friday, August 14th.

BAGGAGE: Baggage room, hold and cabin luggage have to be registered at the Kowloon Godowns, Godown No. 60 (No. 2 Gate, Canton Road entrance) from 9 a.m. to noon, and from 2 to 5 p.m. on Thursday, August 13th, 1953.

CABIN BAGGAGE: cannot be accepted on board before embarkation time. Passengers will therefore have to collect their baggage from the godown between 4 and 6 p.m. on the 13th August, during which period cabin baggage only may be registered.

Passengers are requested to note that ALL BAGGAGE must be registered as prescribed above.

Compagnie Des Messageries Maritimes
 Queen's Building Tel: 26651

EVERETT LINES

EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

"NOREVERETT"

Arrives Aug. 23 from Singapore.
 Sails Aug. 24 for Kobe & Yokohama.

"REBEVERETT"

Arrives Aug. 28 from Manila.
 Sails Aug. 29 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

"STAR ARCTURUS"

Arrives Aug. 19 from Japan.
 Sails Aug. 19 for Manila.

"STAR ARCTURUS"

Arrives Aug. 24 from Manila.
 Sails Aug. 25 for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Kharanashahr, Basrah & Bahrain.

"STAR ALCYONE"

Arrives Aug. 25 from Singapore.
 Sails Aug. 26 for Naha & Japan.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A
 Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.
 Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.

BUSINESS REGULATION ORDINANCE 1952

Copies of the prescribed Forms 1(a) 1(b) and 1(c)

Now On Sale at S. C. M. Post, Ltd.
HONGKONG AND KOWLOON

TEN CENTS EACH

Wage Increase Drive Described As Threat To Exports

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$277,024.40. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES

BANKS
 HK Bank XD 1525 1540
 East Asia 151

INSURANCES
 Canton 240
 Union 100 10 at 810
 HK Fire 150

SHIPPING
 Ada Nav 1.45

DOCKS, ETC.
 K. Wharf 8415 12 350 at 11.00
 Provident 11.90 1250 at 12

WHEELLOCK 8.60 8.70 2000 at 8.65

LAND, ETC.
 HK Land 7.80
 HK Land 61 62
 HK Land 1.40 101

UTILITIES
 Train 24.00 25 1200 at 24.00
 Peak Tram 42
 (N) 21.10
 C. Light (N) 12.40 124 821 at 12.30
 C. Light (N) 8.35 8.40 2375 at 12.40
 Telephone 11.70 21.80 200 at 21.60

INDUSTRIALS
 Cement 18.00 18.00 500 at 18.70
 1100 at 18.60

STORES, ETC.
 Dairy 22.30 224 100 at 22.30
 Watson 22.30 1500 at 22.30
 200 at 22.30
 500 at 22.30

L. Crawford 24

COTTONS
 Textile Corp. 5.00 54

EUROPEAN OUTPUT OF STEEL

While Britain's steel output during April and May broke new high records, in other countries it has remained stable or even decreased.

This is made known by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe in its quarterly bulletin of steel statistics, just published.

In April Britain's steel production was at the rate of 1,421,000 tons yearly and soared to 1,825,000 tons in May.

In Western Germany output dropped steeply after reaching a post-war high in the first quarter of 1953.

The Western German production in the first quarter was only 1,000,000 tons lower than Britain's.

But during the month of May Western Germany produced at the rate of only 1,390,000 tons annually—4,545,000 tons less than Britain's.

The British steel exports for the first quarter rose by 10 per cent to 4,016,000 tons. Western Germany imports of iron at 2,590,000 tons were almost half as high again as in the same period for 1952.

The six Schuman coal and steel nations (Germany, France, Belgium, Italy, Luxembourg and the Netherlands) show a steady drop in production, except for Italy, since per lb. Aug. 01-01.

Community went into action early this year.

Sugar Talks Continuing

London, Aug. 10.

The 35-nation sugar conference, working out an agreement to control price fluctuations, today began an examination of what stocks should be held by signatory countries.

The delegates also discussed export-import relationships between members and non-members. These aspects of the projected five-year world commodity pact were discussed at committee meetings.

A sub-committee today continued its discussion of the problem of adjusting the annual sugar export quotas.

The London conference aims at imposing export quotas and fixing a price level to maintain fair labour standards in the industry.—Router.

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local monetary exchange market this morning at the following rates:

U.S. dollar (per \$1) 15.75
 Sterling note (per £1) 15.75
 Indonesian guilders (per 100) 12.30
 Siam ticals (per 100) 32.70
 Singapore (Straits) 1.23
 Indo-China piastres (per 100) 8.72

Built For Russia

Flushing, Aug. 10.

The first of three freighters being built here for the Soviet Union under the American-Russian trade agreement, the 4,500-ton Lena, has been launched here by the title of the Soviet Embassy's Commercial Representative in Amsterdam.—China Mail Special.

Pacific 'Economic Crisis' Warning Given By U.S. Journal

New York, Aug. 10.

The U.S. was urged to explore the possibilities of rendering assistance to the Pacific area where, it was said, an "economic crisis" appears to be developing on the heels of falling markets, and mounting costs of imported manufactured goods.

The influential business daily, Journal of Commerce, said such action is very much in the interests of the United States, and would counter-act Communist propaganda blaming the colonial imperialist powers for the plight of these nations.

The editorial said in part: "Now that the fighting in Korea has stopped, it is only a question of time before the realization is fully brought home to Washington that a new crisis is brewing in the Pacific, this one more than military in nature."

Malaya, Burma, Indonesia, Indo-China and Thailand are all involved in it and seriously so. But neither the Philippines nor India is entirely immune nor is Japan.

In offsetting Communist propaganda in the Pacific area, the editorial said, "the important thing is to counter, within the means available, the growing impression that our policy in that area is largely negative—concerned more with explaining what we cannot do, as with commodity agreements than what we can."

"Certainly it should be worth looking into the subject to ascertain whether, without incurring prohibitive costs, more cannot be done to encourage the marketing of the area's staple products in the West, to extend U.S. technical assistance to train the young men and women of the area in American schools, and possibly to extend sufficient credits to mitigate the worst effects of this developing crisis."

"If it turns out that some tangible help can indeed be offered, we think Mr. Dulles could do worse than sponsor some sort of Asian or East Asian economic conference to explain clearly how far we can go and why we cannot go further. This would not solve the area's problems but it is ought to help," the editorial concluded.—United Press.

THE ADVANTAGE

Any attempt to explain the contrast in the aggregate export earnings of the two countries must, moreover, make allowance for the fact that the composition of British exports is much more heavily weighted by textiles, for which demand remains comparatively weak.

Germany has the advantage in present circumstances not only in the composition of her export trade, but also in its normal geographical distribution.

The traditional economic hinterland is the Continent of Europe, where she sells about two-thirds of her exports; Britain's economic hinterland, taking approximately one-half of her total exports, is the sterling area.

Export demand has fallen sharply in the second, while it has remained fairly buoyant in the first.

FLEXIBILITY

The essential problem would, indeed, appear to be the speed with which British exporters are able to adjust themselves to rapidly changing market conditions.

The Germans have shown themselves exceedingly flexible in this respect. They would say that they have had to be their survival has depended on capturing a foothold in odd corners of markets where large claims had already been staked out. But it may be that in the conditions of today the survival, or at least the prosperity, of this country depends on the development of a similar talent for "market hopping."

That might well mean a radical reorganization of the structure of British export sales organization, not in such a way as to place the well-tried methods of building up goodwill in long-term markets, but to supply an addition to them.

Criticism is sometimes directed at the Government representatives of British commercial interests abroad, and at home, for their failure to exploit these transient export opportunities. Perhaps too little is said about the comparatively limited nature of the British businessman himself.—The Financial Times.

CONTRACT FOR LANCASHIRE

London, Aug. 10.

Pinet Bros (Sales) Ltd., Oldham (Lancs) have secured a contract for cotton spinning machinery valued at £400,000 placed by the Crown Agents for the Colonies in London, acting on behalf of the United Nations Korean Reconstruction Agency in New York.

The contract provides for spinning and winding machines together with accessories for three cotton spinning mills totalling over 30,000 spindles.—China Mail Special.

London Foreign Exchange

London, Aug. 10.

New York 211-211 11/16
 Amsterdam 104 1/2
 Zurich 111 1/2
 Copenhagen 111 1/2
 Stockholm 111 1/2
 Deutsche Mark 111 1/2
 Swedish Krona 111 1/2
 Others were unchanged.—United Press.

Japanese Bonds

London, Aug. 10.

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CHINA MAIL

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Page 10

TUESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1953.



Selwyn Lloyd Leaves For Vital UN Meeting

London, Aug. 10.
Mr Selwyn Lloyd, British Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, left London by air tonight for the General Assembly's special session on Korea, hoping for "successful and harmonious meetings."

Top Malaya Terrorist Killed

Singapore, Aug. 11.
Security forces yesterday killed one of Malaya's top terrorists during a skirmish with terrorists in the southern part of the State of Pahang.

Elements of the 27 Gurkhas shot and killed Chen Pun, regional committee member for the Communist Party in the area. Under the new abolished system of rewards, Chen Pun had a price of \$575,000 on his head.

General Sir Gerald Templer yesterday sent a message of congratulation to the Gurkhas. "The death of Chen Pun has dealt a severe blow to the Communist hierarchy. I would be glad if you would pass on my sincere congratulations to all who took part in the action."

In announcing Chen Pun's death, the Malayan Federation Government communiqué said, "Chen Pun is known to have been one of the most trusted members of the Malayan Communist Party."

The raiding security forces also killed two other terrorists and wounded another body-guard of the Communist guerrilla leader.

News of his death came less than 24 hours after a Federation Government spokesman had said that the terrorists had been seriously set back by the high number of losses among their leaders recently.

The dead terrorist leader—a 31-year-old Hainanese—had been a member of the Malayan People's anti-Japanese Army during the occupation—United Press.

Sudanese Criticised By Salem

Khartoum, Aug. 10.
Major Salah Salem, Egyptian Minister for National Guidance and Sudan Affairs, today bitterly attacked the Sudanese Umma Party and accused them of failing to question "British activities" in the Sudan.

The Minister is visiting the Sudan to discuss with Sudanese political and religious leaders co-operation between parties.

"We are proud of our policy towards the Sudan and are confident the Sudanese appreciate it. Through our efforts the Sudan got an agreement comparable with the original draft of the self-government statute passed by the Legislative Assembly."

"We even fixed a date for the British evacuation."

Major Salem said Egypt could have saved £2,500,000 (about \$327,000) allotted in her Budget for Sudan affairs, but that would have meant depriving thousands of Sudanese students of education and stopping Egyptian educational and social activities here.

Commenting on Major Salem's statement, Abdulla Khalil, Secretary of the Umma Party, said: "Britain carries no propaganda activities here, but Egypt does."

"Salem should either admit that, or tell us of any funds spent by Britain here."

"Egypt's aim is to influence the Sudanese people through agents here."

"Sudanese do not need Egyptian funds, and if allowed a fair share of the Nile waters, their country would be richer than Egypt."—United Press.

MECCA PILGRIMAGE BY COACH



From Tunis, Morocco, and other parts of North Africa came these pilgrims, who clamber aboard a coach, and begin the annual pilgrimage of the Moslems to Mecca.—London Express.

Japan Wants New Two-Way Trade Agreement

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Japan is expected to propose an increase in trade each way with Thailand ranging from \$9 million to \$14 million in the Japan-Thailand negotiations for a new trade agreement which are scheduled to begin tomorrow (August 12).

The present trade agreement, signed in Bangkok in August last year, and due to expire at the end of this month, provided for \$66 million each way trade, based on the open account settlement formula, with a \$2 million swing account.

New Epoch Beginning August 23?

Johannesburg, Aug. 10.

Pyramidologists here claim that the world will enter a new epoch for good or bad on August 23.

They say that world events in the past few months have been marked by the passages of the Great Pyramid in Egypt.

"In recent months there has been a great deal of irresponsible speculation on what the world will face now that the end of the south wall of the King's Chamber, or Hall of Judgment, has been reached."

"It has been agreed that in the event the political conference fails to unify Korea after three months the 16 United Nations, including the United States, will join in an effort to achieve unification by other means."

Mr Rhee said, however, that there was "no definite commitment" that the 16 Allied nations would resume the Korean war.

"If we succeed in the political conference it would be really fortunate," Mr Rhee said, "and if not we will have suffered no great damage. Our objective (unification) will have a chance to be achieved with the help from our Allies."

Mr Rhee said, "Our soldiers will avail this period of rest for training physically and mentally for an offensive whenever necessary."

The statement reiterated recent ROK Government announcements that the ROK Army would continue to prepare for a renewal of fighting in the event of a breakdown of negotiations at the political conference.

Mr Rhee again repeated the South Korean position that a peace or truce was unacceptable unless the Chinese withdrew from all of Korea.

"This policy remains unchanged," Mr Rhee said. "After the recent talks between Korea and the United States the achievement of the objective has been postponed a few months."—United Press.

Mass Sales Of Cheap Goods

London, Aug. 11.

A message in today's Financial Times stated that Japanese exporters are successfully concentrating on their pre-war technique of mass sales of cheap consumer goods.

These goods include toys, novelties, special foods and delicacies, and ingenious hand-made articles. This newspaper's Tokyo correspondent claimed:

"Popular made in Japan goods now selling briskly at low prices in the United States range from excellent binoculars and miniature cameras to trinkets and religious objects and from canned mandarins and swordfish to such items as bottled seaweed."

"These varied products, which are earning more dollar profits per unit than textiles, and more conventional goods, were mainly responsible for increasing Japan's export trade to a value of \$1,500 million for the first quarter of this year compared with \$1,100 million for the corresponding three months of 1952, which was a peak for Japanese dollar exports."

INCREASED EXPORTS

"Figures" of exports to the United States for the second quarter of the year have not yet been officially released, but are understood to be in excess of last year's trade," the Financial Times correspondent declared.

"It is forecast that the peak level of exports from the United States in 1952 of 226 million dollars will be surpassed this year."

"At present Japanese exports to the United States are running about 65 per cent ahead of the average in the 1937-39 period."

"Following this result in the dollar market, Japanese exporters propose to turn their attention to similar goods to selected markets in the sterling area."

"Japan's new export drive has become vital, as she is now confronted with a falling off in war orders from the United States for Korea, disappointing trade responses from Southeast Asia and the enigmatic nature of the China market," the Financial Times message emphasised.—China Mail Special.

Offers His Eye For Sale

Rome, Aug. 10.
Carlo Belchelli, 26, today offered for sale his right eye for 150,000 lire (\$280) to pay for an operation on his 15-month-old daughter Lucia.

"Lucia will never be able to talk clearly unless she has an operation," Belchelli told reporters.

Price of a hospital operation to fit a silver plate which would change the shape of her palate is 150,000 lire—the price Belchelli is asking for his eye.

"The only thing I have which might fetch that much money is one of my eyes," he said.—China Mail Special.

Shipyards Out Of Steel Plate

Belfast, Aug. 10.
Sir Frederick Retbeck, Chairman and Managing Director of Harland and Wolff, Belfast Shipyards, said after the launching of a ship here today that the shipyards had run out of steel plate.

There would not be a plate in Belfast to lay the keel for another ship until next January, he added.—United Press.

APL Proceedings Again Adjourned By Full Court

When hearing of an application by the American President Lines, Ltd., for a stay of execution of a judgment given against them by the Full Court of Appeal on July 17 came before the Full Court again this morning, their Lordships adjourned the case until 9.30 a.m. on Monday next, August 17, to enable the respondents—the China Mutual Trading Co., Ltd., to satisfy the Registrar of the Supreme Court with the securities they proposed to put up.

Their Lordships further directed the Registrar to report to them at the next hearing whether or not he was so satisfied.

The application for a stay arose in the course of an application by the APL for leave to appeal to the Privy Council. The Full Court granted leave on July 29, but held over its decision in regard to the stay of execution.

On January 31 last, the Chief Justice awarded the sum of \$404,000 and costs to the China Mutual Trading Co., Ltd., of 15-27 Ice House Street. The judgment was in respect of the contract price of the goods concerned together with agreed damages of \$224,410. The goods comprised 50 drums of sulphadiazine USP, and 18 drums of sulphadiazine USP powder.

The APL subsequently brought an appeal before the Full Court, comprising Mr Justice T. J. Gould (Acting Chief Justice) and Mr Justice C. W. Reese (Pulvis Judge), who upheld the decision reached by the Chief Justice.

The same Full Court sat to hear the application for leave to appeal to the Privy Council and for the extension of the stay of execution.

Respondents were to have deformed the Full Court last Tuesday of the security they proposed to offer, but they were granted a further adjournment until today when they announced that negotiations had not yet been completed.

Asked by Mr Justice Gould this morning what the position now was, Mr Chen said there appeared to be a little confusion as to what exactly was the position when the Court sat on July 29. As he understood it, their Lordships decided, after hearing argument by both sides, that the application for a stay was refused.

Mr Justice Gould interjected to say that no such order had been made as yet. What the Full Court then said was that if respondents were able to give the security required by the section of the Privy Council rules, then execution would be permitted to proceed. If respondents were not able to put up that security then the Full Court must stay the stay of execution.

ANCILLARY ORDERS
Mr Chen said he would ask the Court now to make ancillary orders as required by Rule 6 of the Privy Council rules in the following way: that the respondents give security to the satisfaction of the Court by way of a bond of the respondents, the said bond to be further secured either by obligations of one or more sureties by the deposit of stocks, bonds or shares approved by the Registrar of Companies in lieu of such sureties, or by deposit of cash in lieu of such sureties, the bond and the surety to be given to the Registrar of the Supreme Court, with liberty to apply.

Their Lordships then adjourned the hearing until 9.30 a.m. on August 17, when the Registrar will be directed to report to the Court whether or not he was satisfied with the security offered.

What's Her Line? Solution
ASSEMBLÉE
London Express Service.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith

After I've been going with him six months he finally asks me out—his family is having a reunion picnic!

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Mail Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for registered correspondence posted at G.P.O. Hongkong. The latest posting times elsewhere which are earlier than the G.P.O. times, are ascertained by enquiry at the local office. The latest posting times for registered articles are generally one hour earlier than the times shown. Particulars regarding parcel mails can be ascertained by enquiry at any post office.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 11
By Air
Indo-China, French North & West Africa, 8 p.m.
Vietnam, Formosa, 8 p.m.
Japan, 8 p.m.
Macao, 8 a.m.; 8 p.m. as Lee Hong/Tai
Australia, New Zealand, 8 p.m. as Changhai.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12
By Air
Indo-China, (Tonkin only), 8 a.m.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., 8 a.m.
Canada, 8 a.m.
New Zealand, 8 a.m.
Formosa, Japan, U.S.A., 8 a.m.
Macao, 8 a.m.
Australia, New Zealand, 8 p.m. as Changhai.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 13
By Air
Indo-China, (Tonkin only), 8 a.m.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., 8 a.m.
Canada, 8 a.m.
New Zealand, 8 a.m.
Formosa, Japan, U.S.A., 8 a.m.
Macao, 8 a.m.
Australia, New Zealand, 8 p.m. as Changhai.

By Surface
Macao, 8 a.m.; 8 p.m. as Lee Hong/Tai
China, People's Republic, 8.20 a.m.
India, Pakistan, 1.30 p.m.
Australia, New Zealand, 8 p.m. as Changhai.

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